


EAE Teaching Course
Sofia, 2012



Flow Pattern Analysis Inside the Heart

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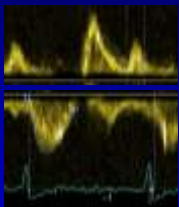
Cardiac Energetics

How to Describe Intracardiac Flow ?

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Assessment of Cardiac Flow

conventional echo

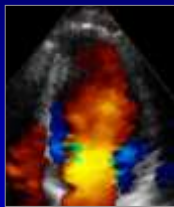


Doppler
... only for valve assessment

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Assessment of Cardiac Flow

conventional echo

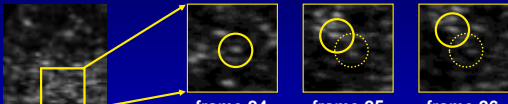


Doppler
... only for valve assessment
... cannot display complex
2D/3D blood motion
patterns

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Particle Imaging Velocimetry

by echo: following speckles in the blood




frame 24 frame 25 frame 26

to estimate
velocity, direction and pattern
of blood flow


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Particle Imaging Velocimetry

contrast echo



flow vectors



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Energy Storage by Vortices

effective re-direction of blood flow



Tonti

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Energy Storage by Vortices

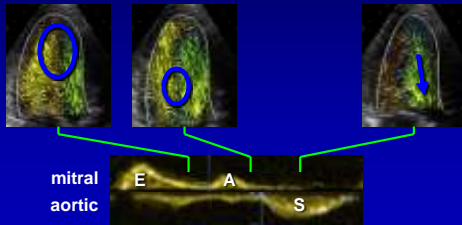
mid-ventricular main vortex



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Intracavitary Flow Patterns

time sequence



mitral
aortic

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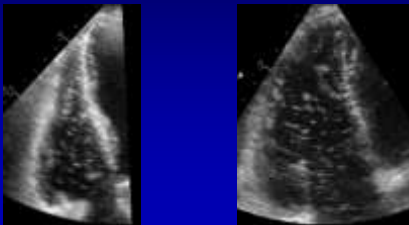
Assessment of Cardiac Function

Flow Patterns in the RV

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Flow Patterns in the RV

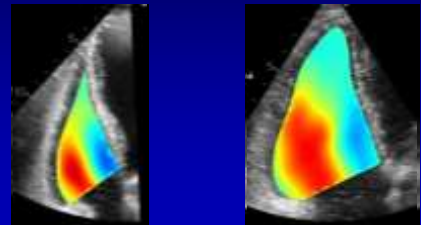
determined by ventricular size
normal dilated



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Flow Patterns in the RV

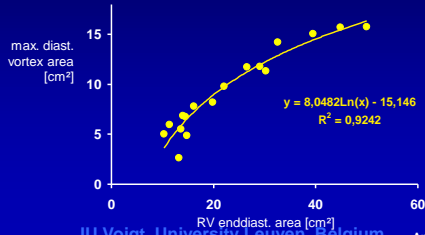
determined by ventricular size
normal dilated



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Determinants of Vortex Characteristics

ventricular size vs. vortex area



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Amzulescu, Leuven

Assessment of Cardiac Function

Abnormal Flow Patterns

Wall - Flow - Interaction

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Conduction Abnormalities

normal



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LBBB



Conduction Abnormalities

AAI stimulation



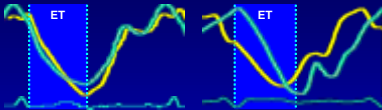
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DDD stimulation

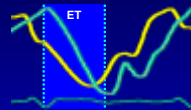


Conduction Abnormalities

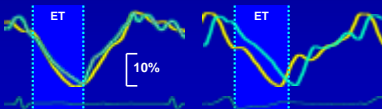
normal



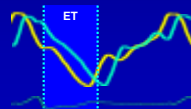
LBBB



AAI



DDD



Doppler strain

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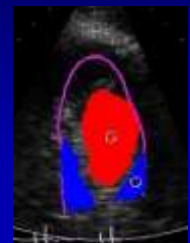
Conduction Abnormalities

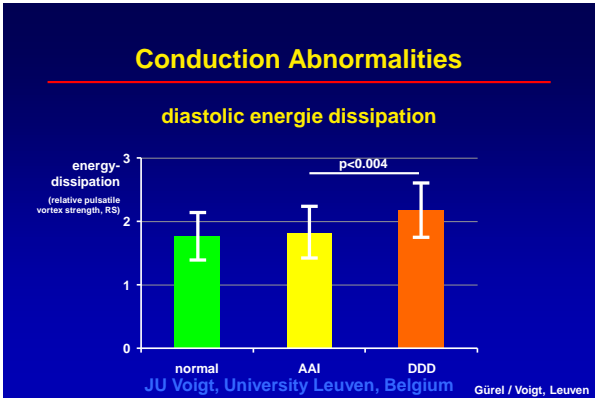
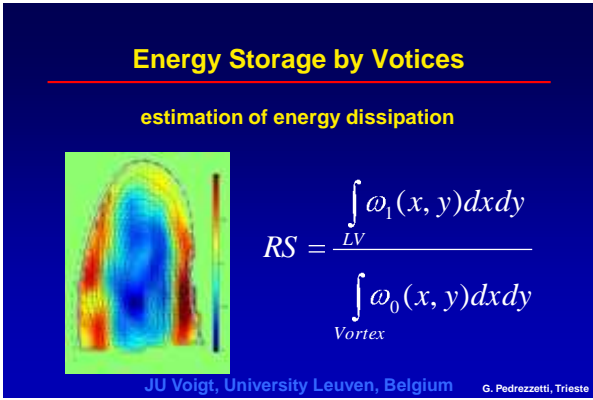
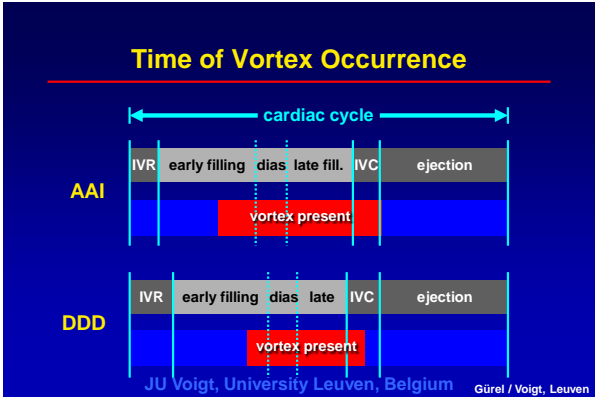
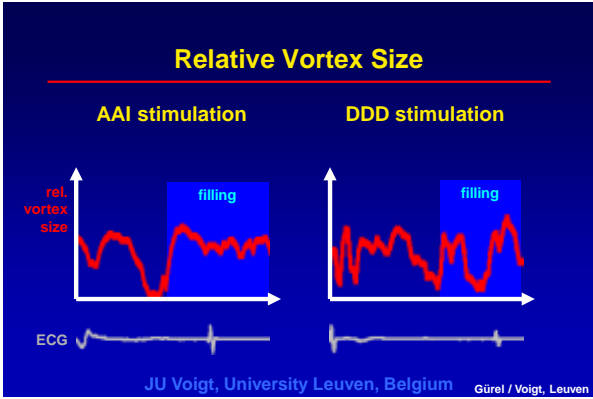
AAI stimulation



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DDD stimulation



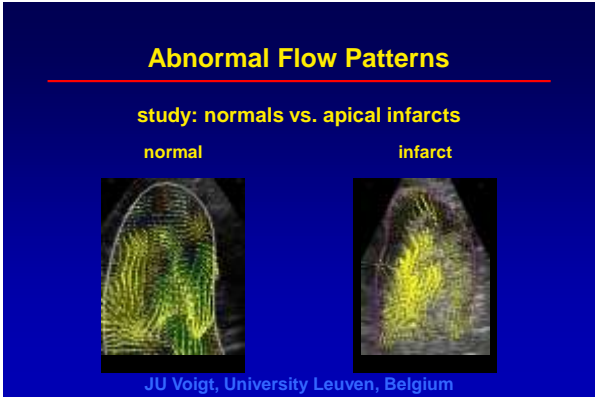


Assessment of Cardiac Function

Abnormal Flow Patterns

Infarcts

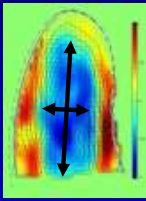
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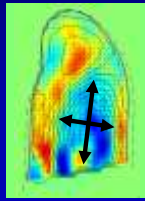
Abnormal Flow Patterns

study: normals vs. apical infarcts

normal



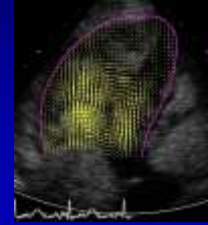
infarct



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Abnormal Flow Patterns

study: post-infarct aneurysm & thrombus



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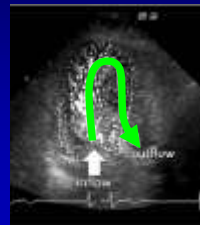
Assessment of Cardiac Function

Abnormal Flow Patterns Mitral Valve Replacement

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Mitral Valve Replacement

normal



prosthesis

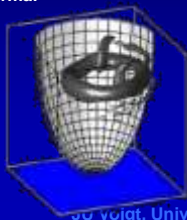


JU Voigt, University Leuven, Belgium, Pedrizzetti et al., Ann Biomed Eng 2010

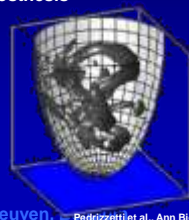
Mitral Valve Replacement

numerical simulations

normal



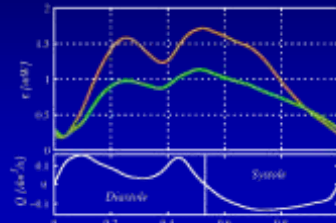
prosthesis



JU Voigt, University Leuven, Pedrizzetti et al., Ann Biomed Eng 2010

Mitral Valve Replacement

numerical simulations



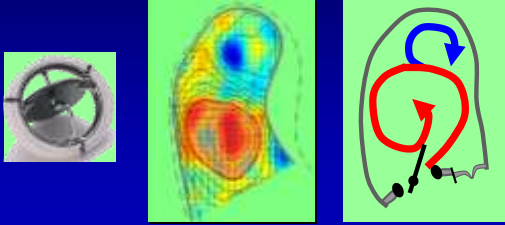
ca. 30% increased energy dissipation during 1 heart beat

- prosthesis
- normal

JU Voigt, University Leuven, Belgium, Pedrizzetti et al., Ann Biomed Eng 2010

Abnormal Flow Patterns

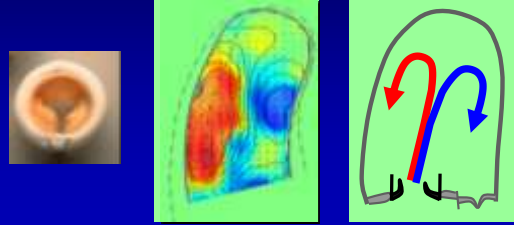
mitral valve prosthesis: tilt disc



JU Voigt, University Leuven, Belgium, Thor Cardiovasc Surg 2010

Abnormal Flow Patterns

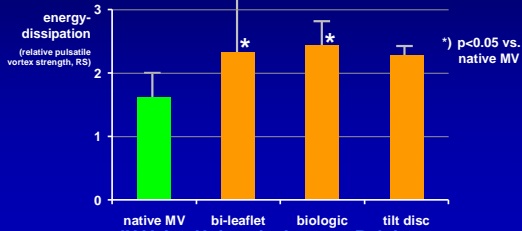
mitral valve prosthesis: biologic (3CV)



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Mitral Valve Prosthesis

diastolic energy dissipation



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Summary

Modern speckle tracking technology allows to follow the motion of contrast enhanced blood in the heart.

Flow patterns can be displayed and quantified using parameters such as vorticity.

This echocardiographic particle imaging velocimetry (PIV) offers new insights into intraventricular hemodynamics and, thus, the energetics of cardiac function.

The clinical importance of this technique remains to be determined.

JU Voigt, University Leuven, Belgium