

# MCE for viability assessment in ischaemic cardiomyopathy

## Clinical Case Portal

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### Abstract

Case from the [Contrast Echo Box](#)  
[Detection of Viability](#)

### Introduction

Patient with previously undiagnosed anterior MI who comes for the first time to medical attention because of heart failure symptoms.

Angiography shows 70% LAD stenosis, in the absence of ischaemic symptoms, and revascularisation will be performed only if tissue in the LAD territory is viable. (fig 1-3)

### Case Report

Rest perfusion, assessed as late replenishment (10 seconds after flash) is significantly reduced (but not completely absent) in the true apex and distal part of apical segments in 4-chamber (fig 4-5), whereas in 2 (fig 7-8) and 3-chamber (fig 6) hypoperfusion does not extend beyond true apex; anterior mid and basal segments show normal perfusion while basal lateral is not interpretable.

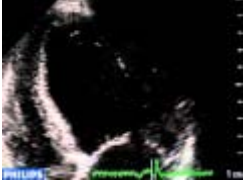
Revascularization will be indicated, since viability is substantially absent only in the true apex (1 segment).

## Quantitative Analysis of MCE

Replenishment velocity is blunted in the apical segments (red lower curves)-for comparison see the green normal curve sampled in the basal-mid septum. (fig 9)

Video 1 :

[Image 4 chamber view](#)



Video 2 :

[Image 2 chamber view](#)



Video 3 :

[Image short axis view](#)



Video 4 :

[4 chamber view triggered](#)



Video 5 :

[4 chamber view triggered bis](#)



Video 6 :

[3 chamber view realtime](#)



Video 7 :

[2 chamber view triggered](#)



Video 8 :

[2 chamber view realtime](#)



Video 9 :

[Video](#)

