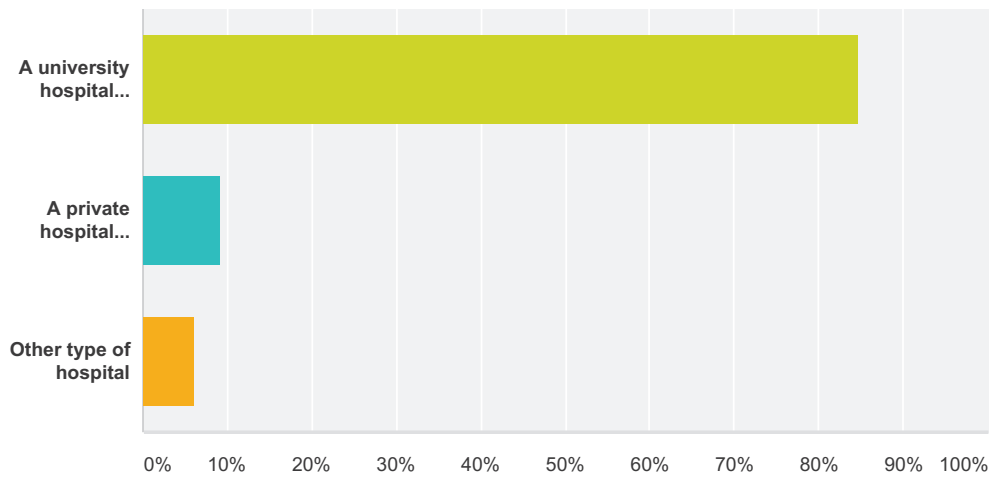


Q1 Is your institution:

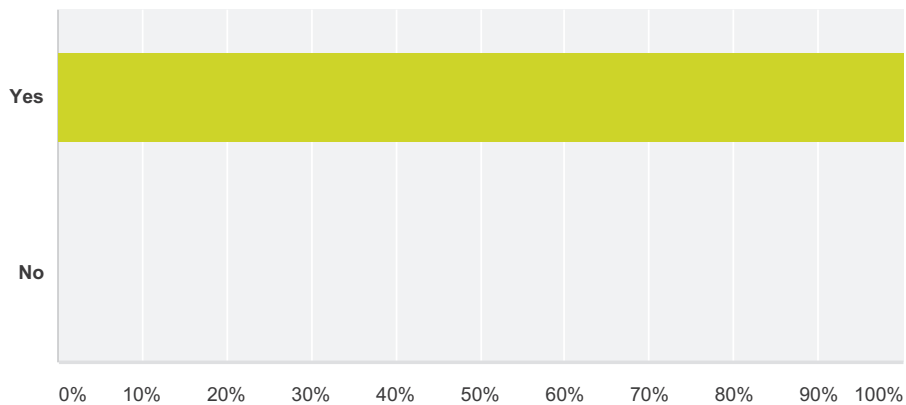
Answered: 33 Skipped: 1



Answer Choices	Responses
A university hospital (academic)	84.85% 28
A private hospital (non-academic)	9.09% 3
Other type of hospital	6.06% 2
Total	33

Q4 Would you be comfortable if we acknowledge your centre in the Europace Journal and on the Website?

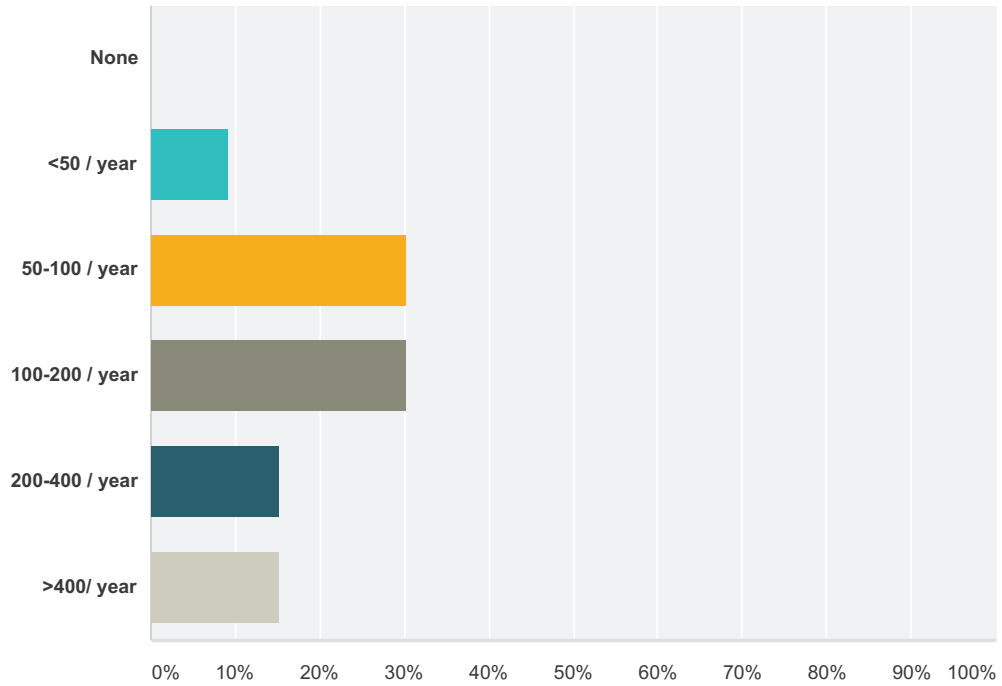
Answered: 33 Skipped: 1



Answer Choices	Responses
Yes	100.00% 33
No	0.00% 0
Total	33

Q5 How many VT patients do you treat in your centre (including treatments of AADs, ICD and ablation)?

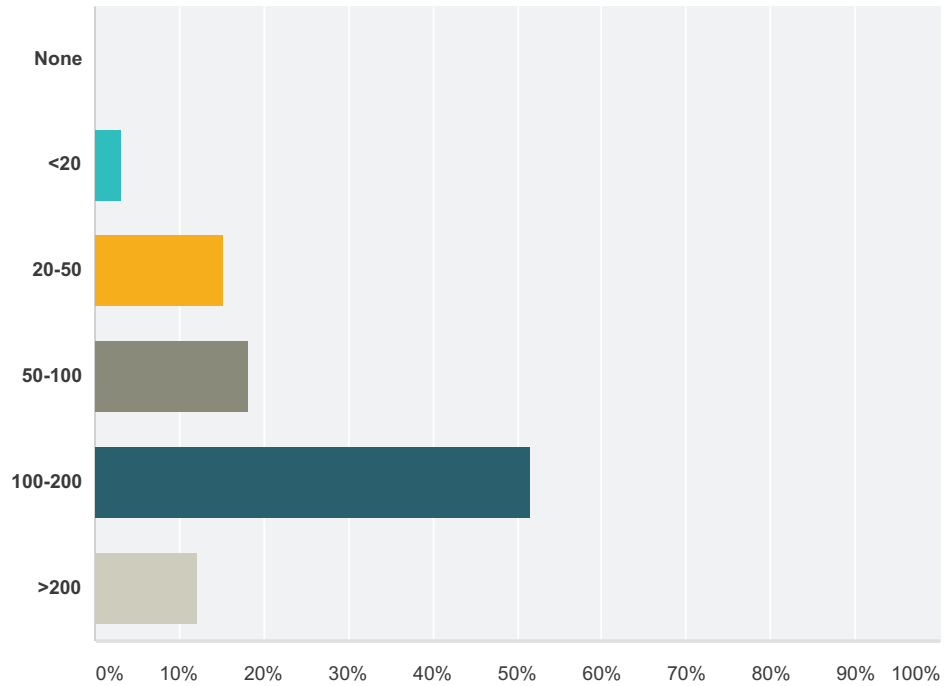
Answered: 33 Skipped: 1



Answer Choices	Responses	
None	0.00%	0
<50 / year	9.09%	3
50-100 / year	30.30%	10
100-200 / year	30.30%	10
200-400 / year	15.15%	5
>400 / year	15.15%	5
Total		33

Q6 How many ICD did you implant in your centre in the last calendar year?

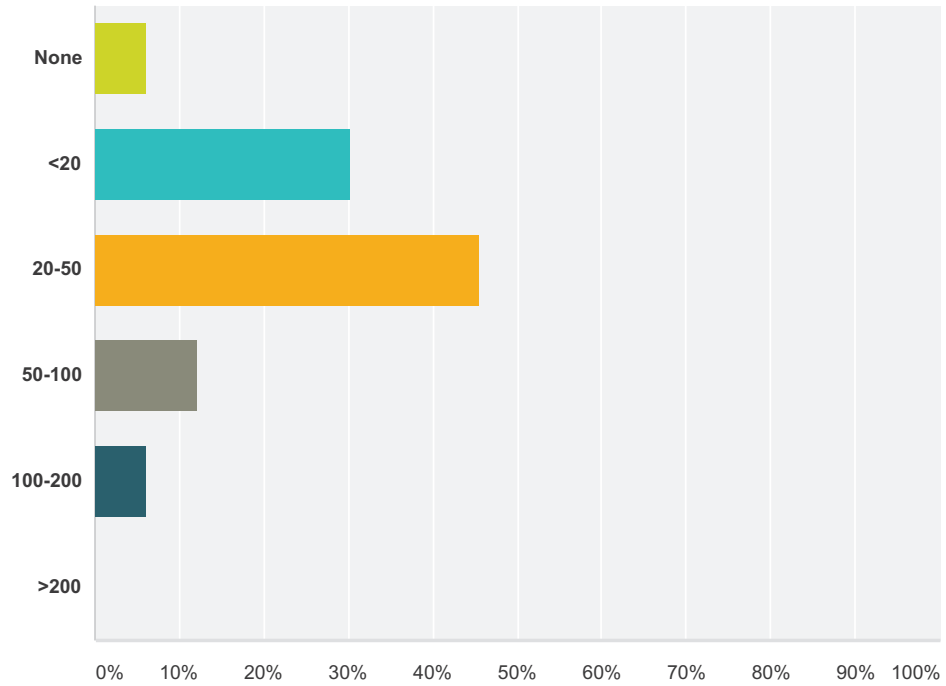
Answered: 33 Skipped: 1



Answer Choices	Responses	Count
None	0.00%	0
<20	3.03%	1
20-50	15.15%	5
50-100	18.18%	6
100-200	51.52%	17
>200	12.12%	4
Total		33

Q7 How many VT ablation procedures did you perform in your centre in the last calendar year?

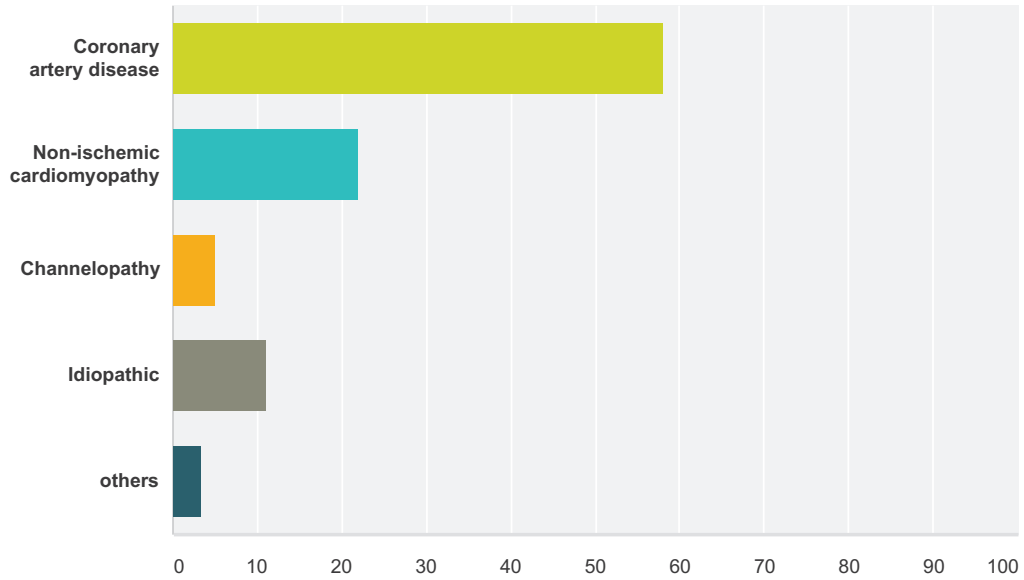
Answered: 33 Skipped: 1



Answer Choices	Responses	Count
None	6.06%	2
<20	30.30%	10
20-50	45.45%	15
50-100	12.12%	4
100-200	6.06%	2
>200	0.00%	0
Total		33

Q8 What is the distribution of etiologies of sustained VT in your centre? Please indicate percentage (total 100%).

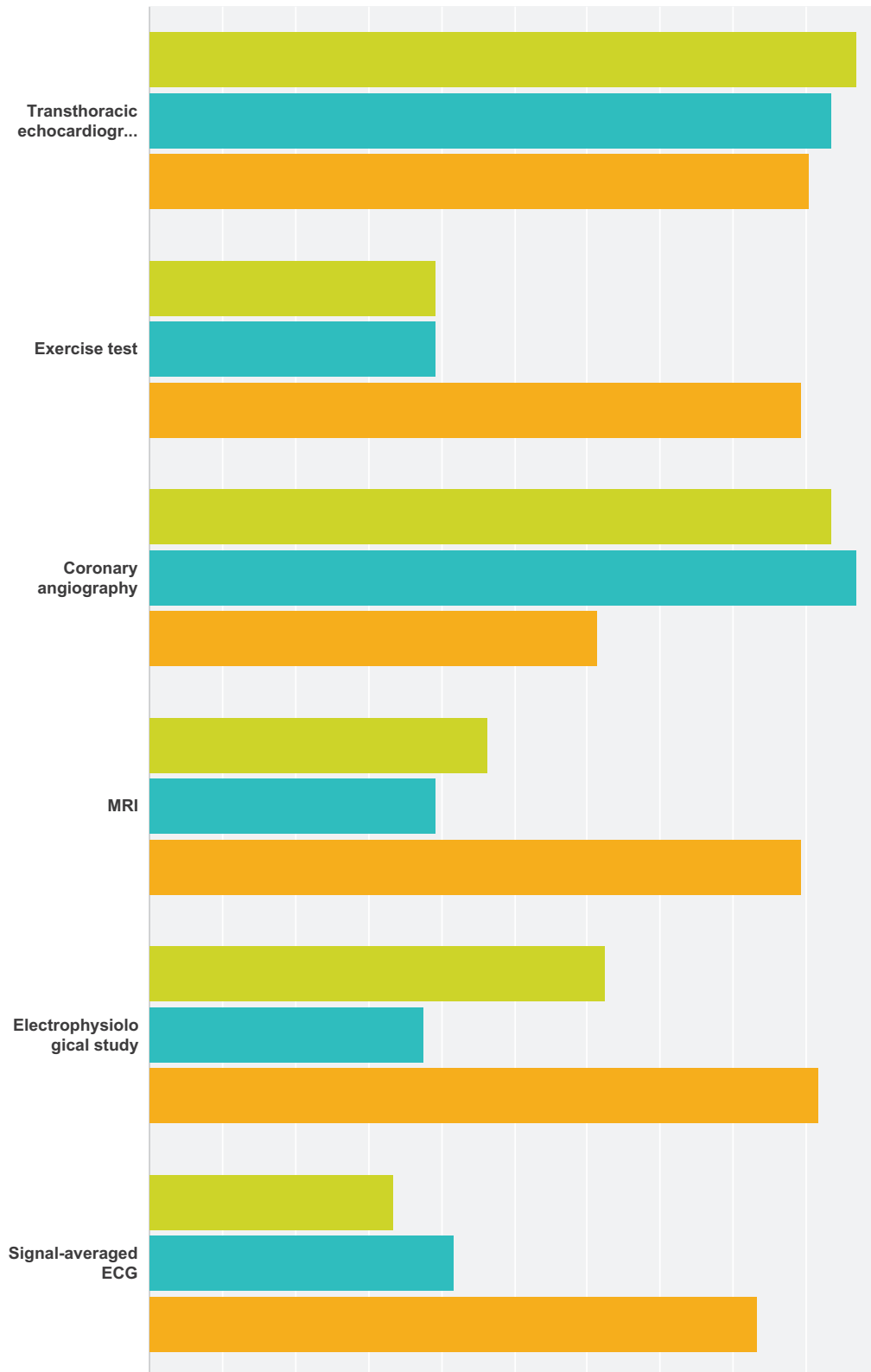
Answered: 31 Skipped: 3



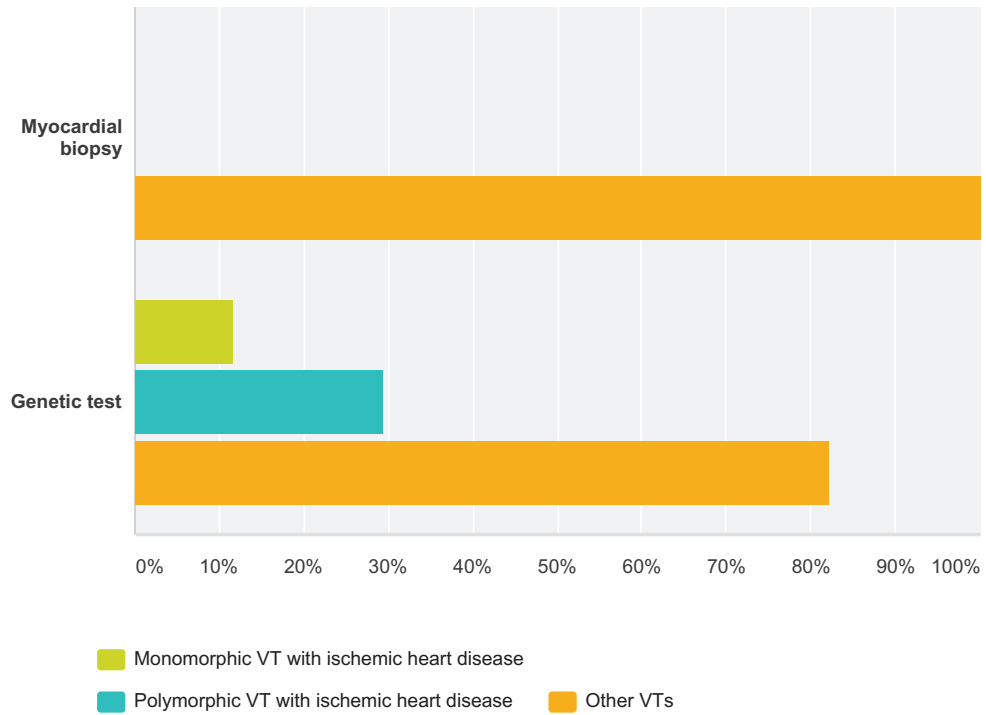
Answer Choices	Average Number	Total Number	Responses
Coronary artery disease	58	1,802	31
Non-ischemic cardiomyopathy	22	679	31
Channelopathy	5	157	31
Idiopathic	11	342	31
others	3	104	31
Total Respondents: 31			

Q9 Which examinations do you perform in different patients after the first VT episode is documented? (multiple choices allowed)

Answered: 31 Skipped: 3



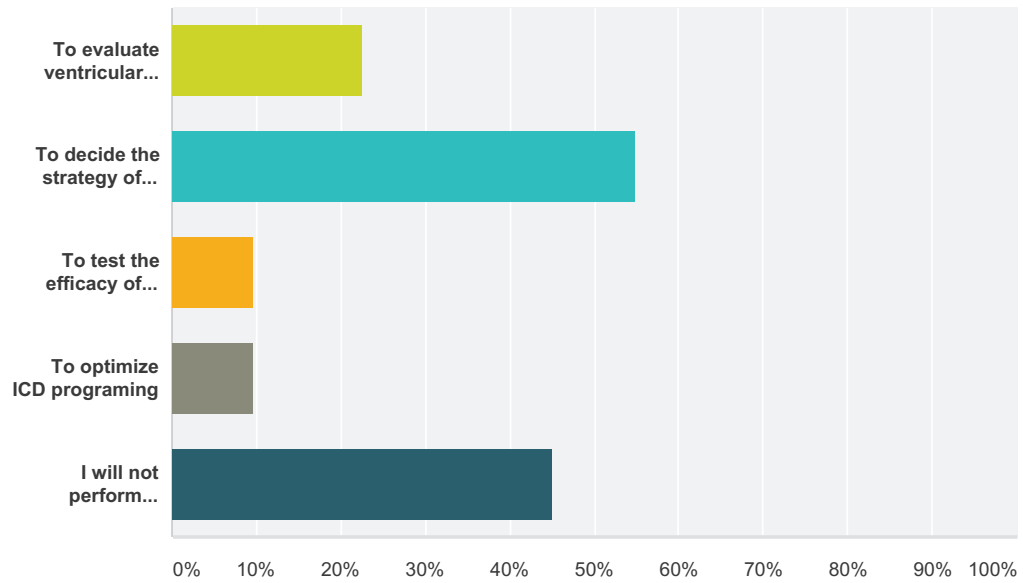
EP WIRE on Management of ventricular tachycardia – antiarrhythmic drugs, catheter ablation, ICD therapies



	Monomorphic VT with ischemic heart disease	Polymorphic VT with ischemic heart disease	Other VTs	Total Respondents
Transthoracic echocardiography	96.77% 30	93.55% 29	90.32% 28	31
Exercise test	39.29% 11	39.29% 11	89.29% 25	28
Coronary angiography	93.55% 29	96.77% 30	61.29% 19	31
MRI	46.43% 13	39.29% 11	89.29% 25	28
Electrophysiological study	62.50% 15	37.50% 9	91.67% 22	24
Signal-averaged ECG	33.33% 4	41.67% 5	83.33% 10	12
Myocardial biopsy	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	100.00% 9	9
Genetic test	11.76% 2	29.41% 5	82.35% 14	17

**Q10 What is the purpose of invasive electrophysiological study if a clinical sustained VT is documented by ECG?
(Multiple choices allowed)**

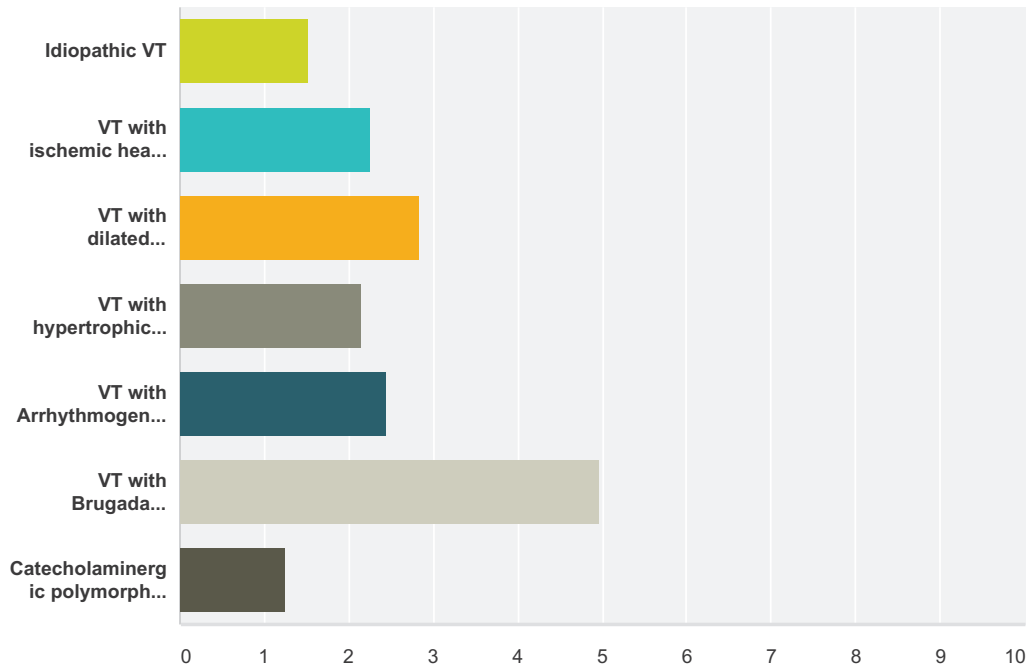
Answered: 31 Skipped: 3



Answer Choices	Responses
To evaluate ventricular electrical instability	22.58% 7
To decide the strategy of treatment	54.84% 17
To test the efficacy of antiarrhythmic drugs	9.68% 3
To optimize ICD programing	9.68% 3
I will not perform electrophysiological study	45.16% 14
Total Respondents: 31	

Q11 What is the first choice of antiarrhythmic drugs to prevent recurrent hemodynamically stable VTs (ICD will be additionally implanted if there is indication)?

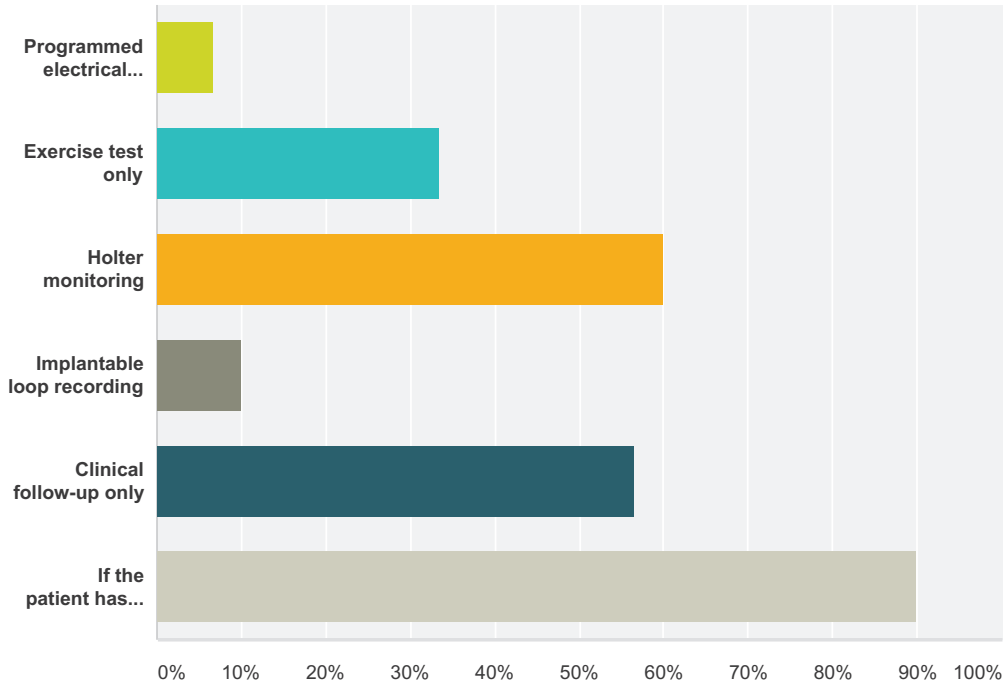
Answered: 31 Skipped: 3



	Beta-blocker	Ca-channel blocker	Flecainide	Amiodarone	Sotalolol	Disopyramide	Other	None	Total	Weighted Average
Idiopathic VT	77.42% 24	9.68% 3	9.68% 3	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	3.23% 1	31	1.52
VT with ischemic heart disease	58.06% 18	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	41.94% 13	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	31	2.26
VT with dilated cardiomyopathy	40.00% 12	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	56.67% 17	3.33% 1	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	30	2.83
VT with hypertrophic cardiomyopathy	67.74% 21	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	25.81% 8	0.00% 0	3.23% 1	0.00% 0	3.23% 1	31	2.16
VT with Arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy	58.06% 18	0.00% 0	3.23% 1	16.13% 5	22.58% 7	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	31	2.45
VT with Brugada syndrome	35.48% 11	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	3.23% 1	3.23% 1	3.23% 1	25.81% 8	29.03% 9	31	4.97
Catecholaminergic polymorphic VT	93.55% 29	0.00% 0	3.23% 1	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	3.23% 1	0.00% 0	31	1.26

Q12 If an antiarrhythmic drug (AAD) is prescribed to a patient due to recurrent VT, how do you test the efficacy of the drug? (multiple choice allowed)

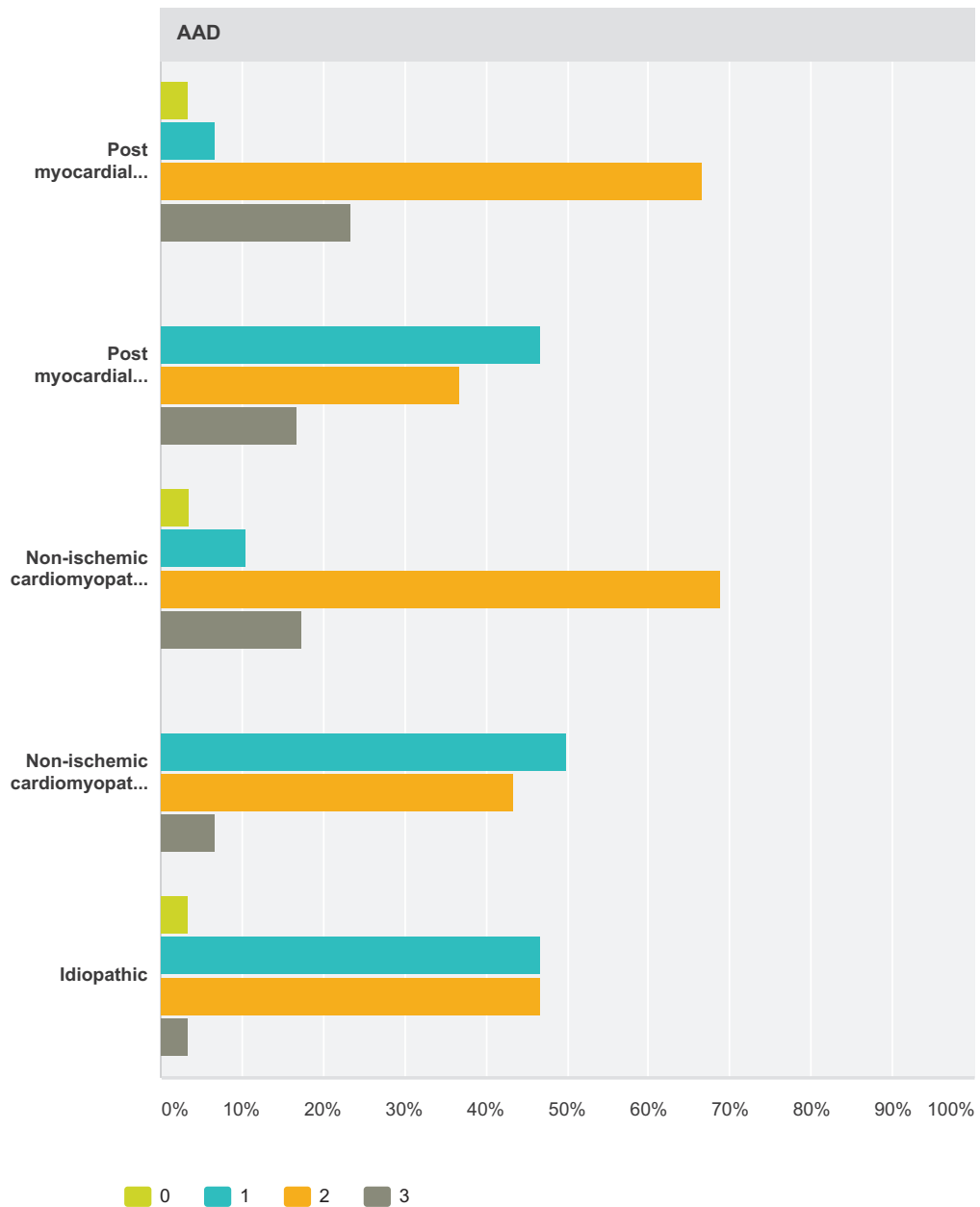
Answered: 30 Skipped: 4



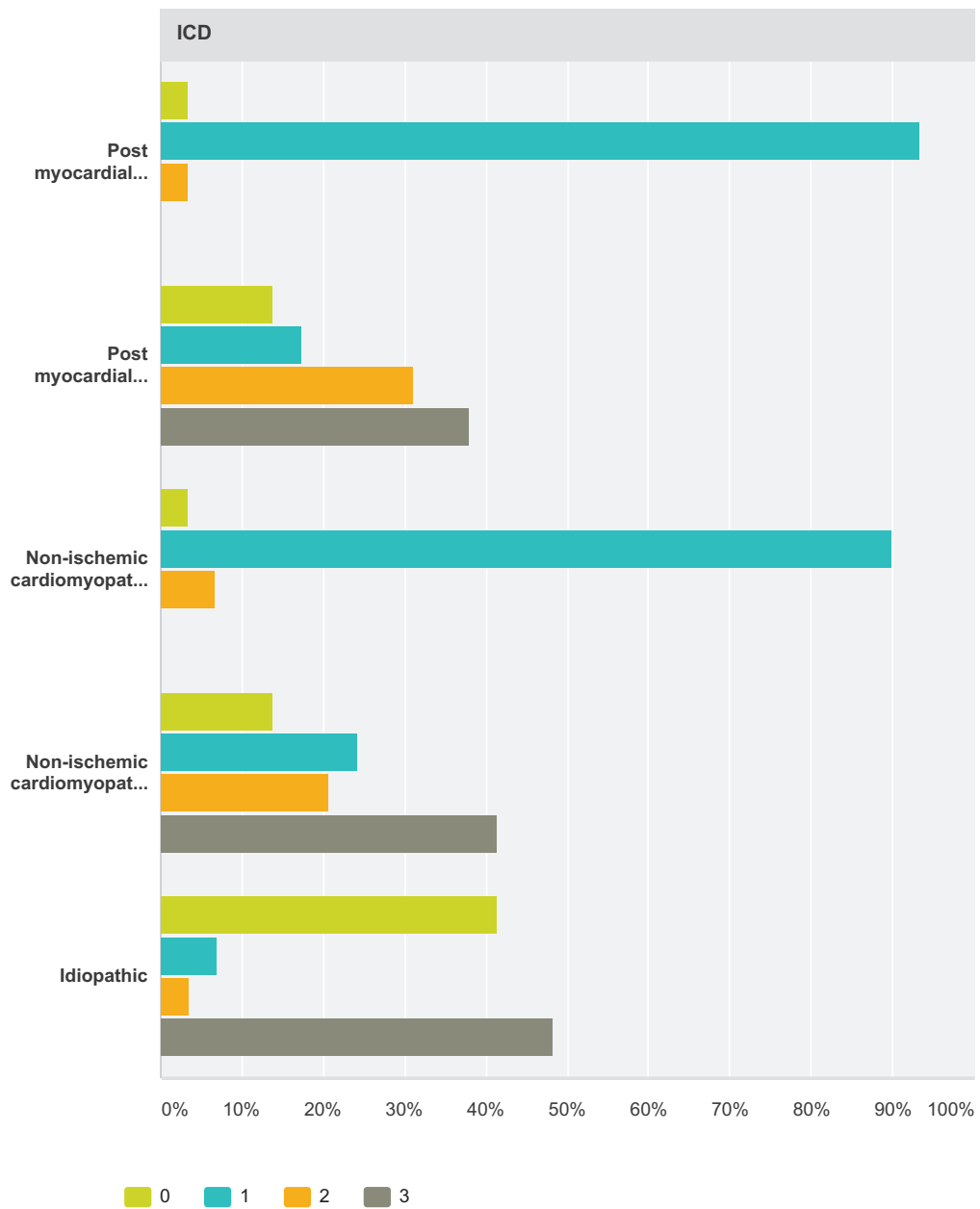
Answer Choices	Responses
Programmed electrical stimulation	6.67% 2
Exercise test only	33.33% 10
Holter monitoring	60.00% 18
Implantable loop recording	10.00% 3
Clinical follow-up only	56.67% 17
If the patient has ICD, interrogate the device	90.00% 27
Total Respondents: 30	

Q13 Which therapeutic options do you choose for recurrent sustained monomorphic VT in different patients if hemodynamically stable? Please rank with number 1, 2 and 3 as first, second and third choice, respectively. Please choose 0 if alternative is not an option.

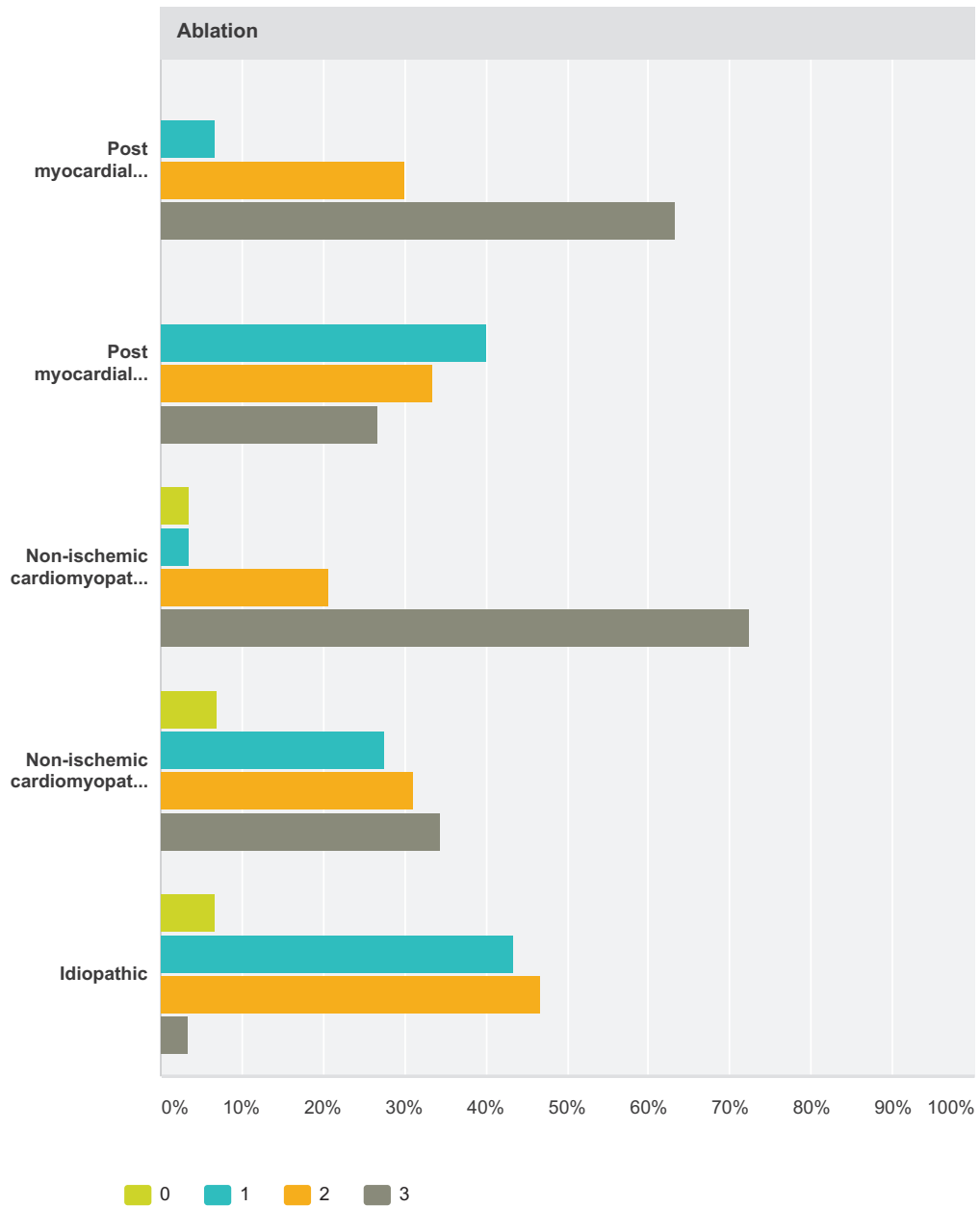
Answered: 30 Skipped: 4



EP WIRE on Management of ventricular tachycardia – antiarrhythmic drugs, catheter ablation, ICD therapies



EP WIRE on Management of ventricular tachardia – antiarrhythmic drugs, catheter ablation, ICD therapies



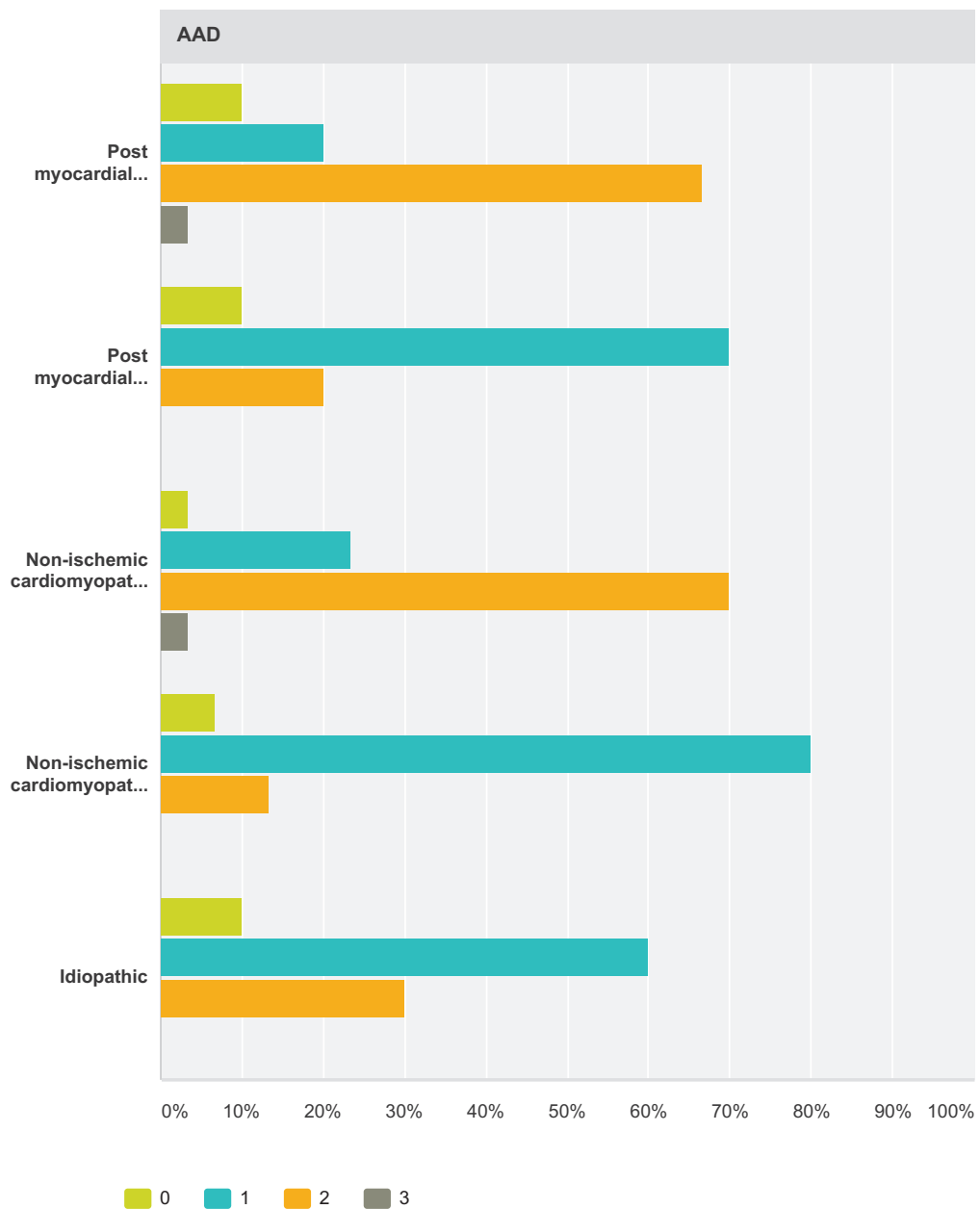
AAD					
	0	1	2	3	Total
Post myocardial infarction LVEF ≤35%	3.33% 1	6.67% 2	66.67% 20	23.33% 7	30
Post myocardial infarction LVEF normal	0.00% 0	46.67% 14	36.67% 11	16.67% 5	30
Non-ischemic cardiomyopathy LVEF ≤35%	3.45% 1	10.34% 3	68.97% 20	17.24% 5	29
Non-ischemic cardiomyopathy LVEF normal	0.00% 0	50.00% 15	43.33% 13	6.67% 2	30
Idiopathic	3.33% 1	46.67% 14	46.67% 14	3.33% 1	30

EP WIRE on Management of ventricular tachycardia – antiarrhythmic drugs, catheter ablation, ICD therapies

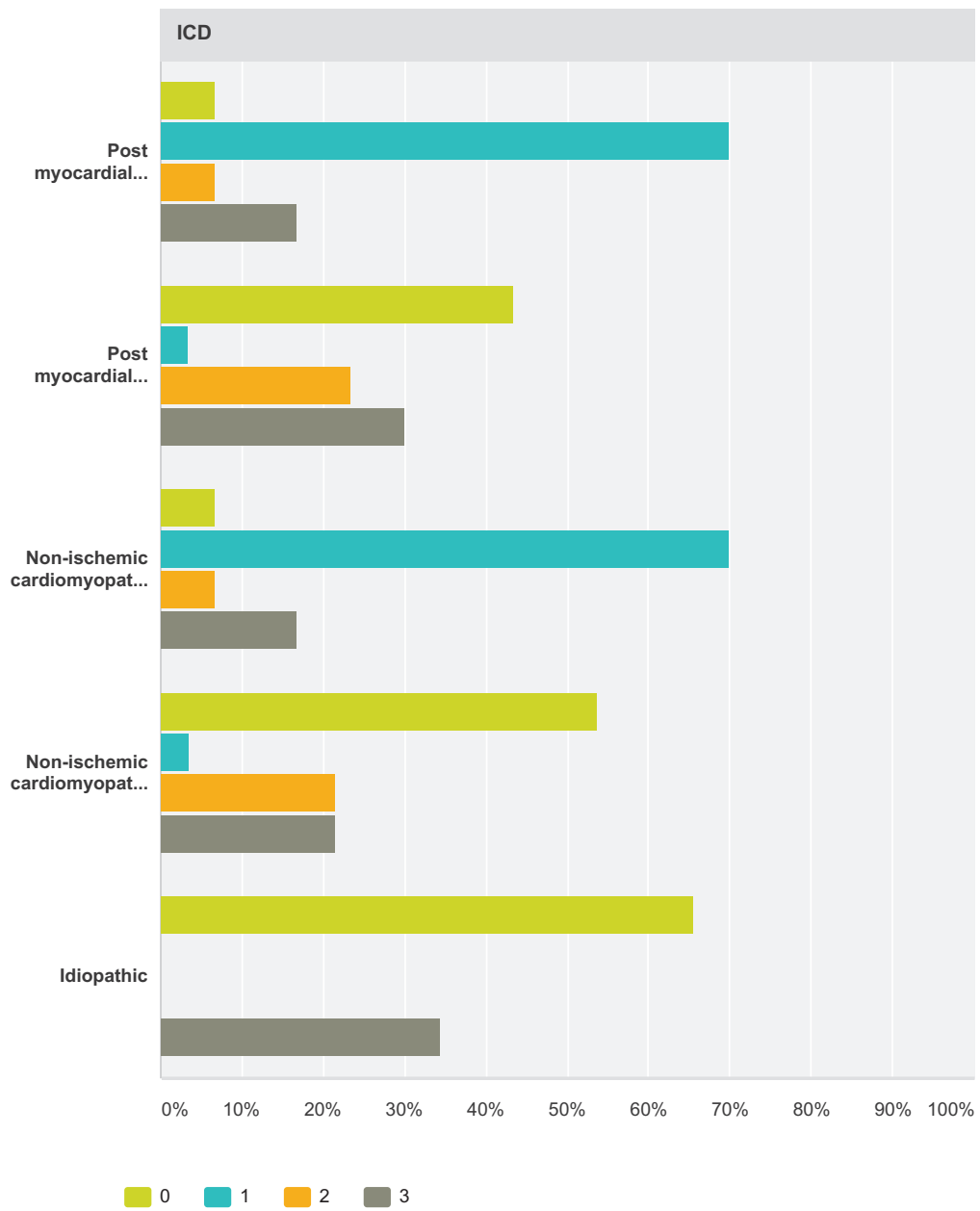
ICD					
	0	1	2	3	Total
Post myocardial infarction LVEF ≤35%	3.33% 1	93.33% 28	3.33% 1	0.00% 0	30
Post myocardial infarction LVEF normal	13.79% 4	17.24% 5	31.03% 9	37.93% 11	29
Non-ischemic cardiomyopathy LVEF ≤35%	3.33% 1	90.00% 27	6.67% 2	0.00% 0	30
Non-ischemic cardiomyopathy LVEF normal	13.79% 4	24.14% 7	20.69% 6	41.38% 12	29
Idiopathic	41.38% 12	6.90% 2	3.45% 1	48.28% 14	29
Ablation					
	0	1	2	3	Total
Post myocardial infarction LVEF ≤35%	0.00% 0	6.67% 2	30.00% 9	63.33% 19	30
Post myocardial infarction LVEF normal	0.00% 0	40.00% 12	33.33% 10	26.67% 8	30
Non-ischemic cardiomyopathy LVEF ≤35%	3.45% 1	3.45% 1	20.69% 6	72.41% 21	29
Non-ischemic cardiomyopathy LVEF normal	6.90% 2	27.59% 8	31.03% 9	34.48% 10	29
Idiopathic	6.67% 2	43.33% 13	46.67% 14	3.33% 1	30

Q14 How do you manage recurrent symptomatic non-sustained monomorphic VT in different patients if hemodynamically stable? Please rank with number 1, 2 and 3 as first, second and third choice, respectively. Please choose 0 if alternative is not an option.

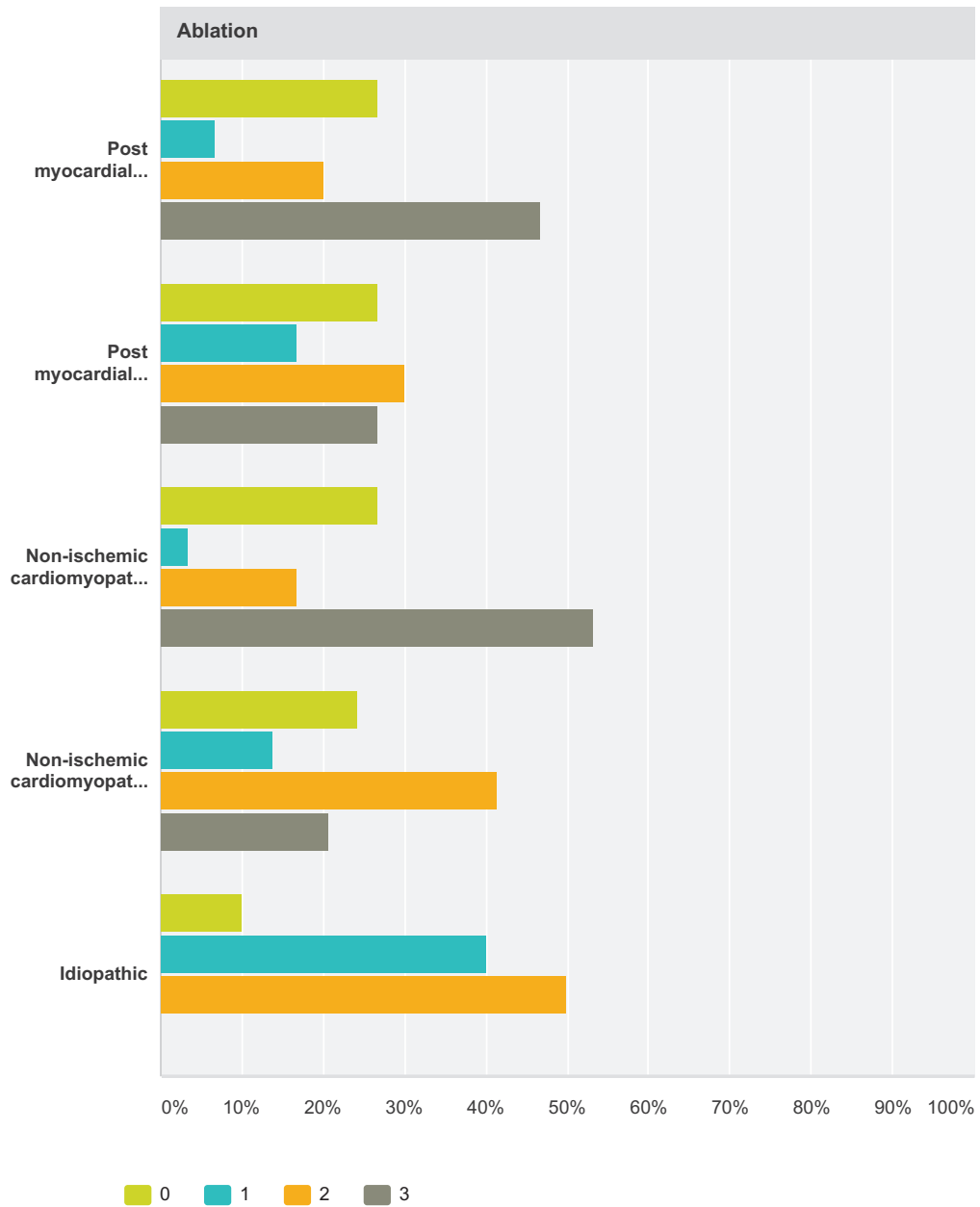
Answered: 30 Skipped: 4



EP WIRE on Management of ventricular tachycardia – antiarrhythmic drugs, catheter ablation, ICD therapies



EP WIRE on Management of ventricular tachardia – antiarrhythmic drugs, catheter ablation, ICD therapies



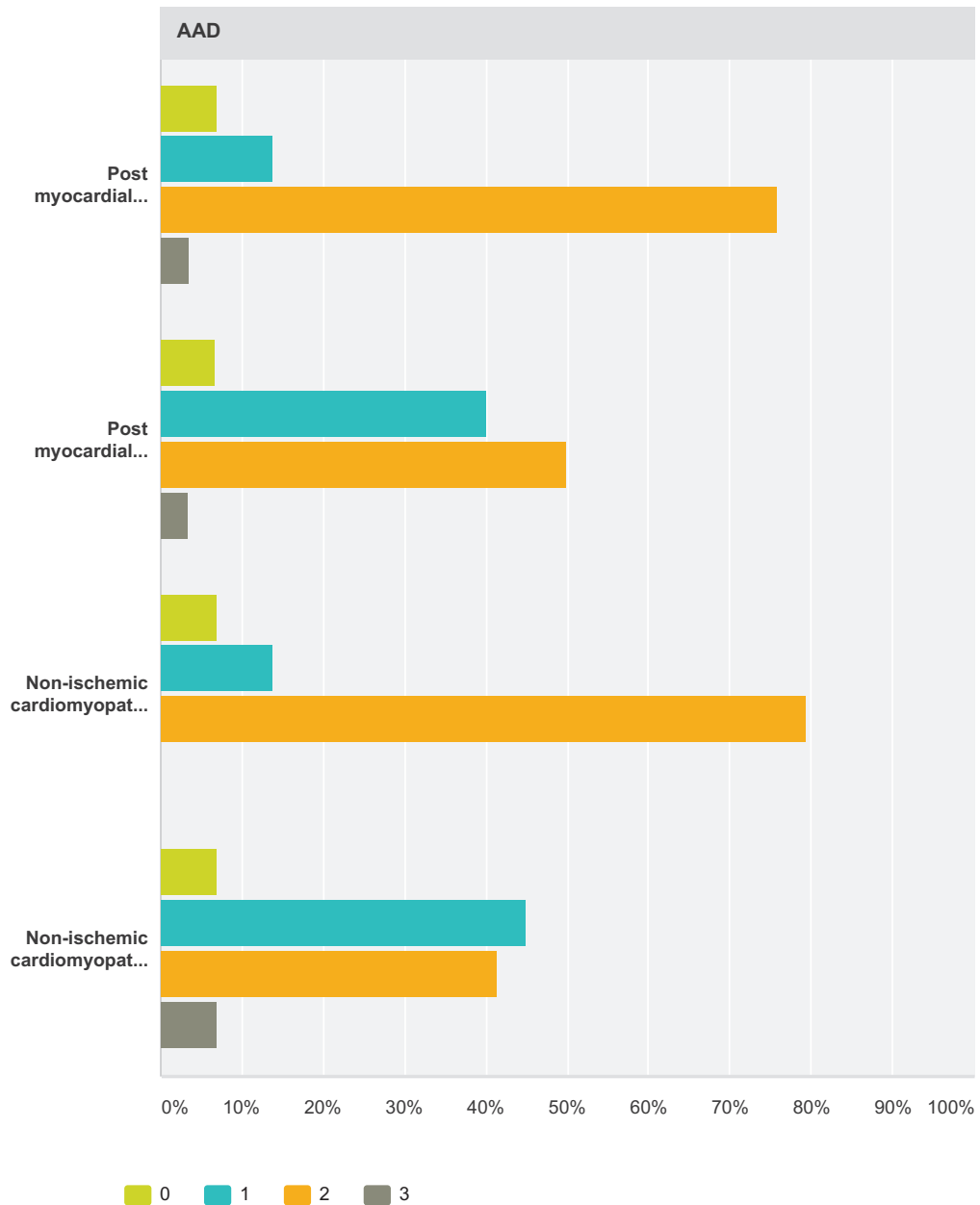
AAD					
	0	1	2	3	Total
Post myocardial infarction LVEF ≤35%	10.00% 3	20.00% 6	66.67% 20	3.33% 1	30
Post myocardial infarction LVEF normal	10.00% 3	70.00% 21	20.00% 6	0.00% 0	30
Non-ischemic cardiomyopathy LVEF ≤35%	3.33% 1	23.33% 7	70.00% 21	3.33% 1	30
Non-ischemic cardiomyopathy LVEF normal	6.67% 2	80.00% 24	13.33% 4	0.00% 0	30
Idiopathic	10.00% 3	60.00% 18	30.00% 9	0.00% 0	30

EP WIRE on Management of ventricular tachycardia – antiarrhythmic drugs, catheter ablation, ICD therapies

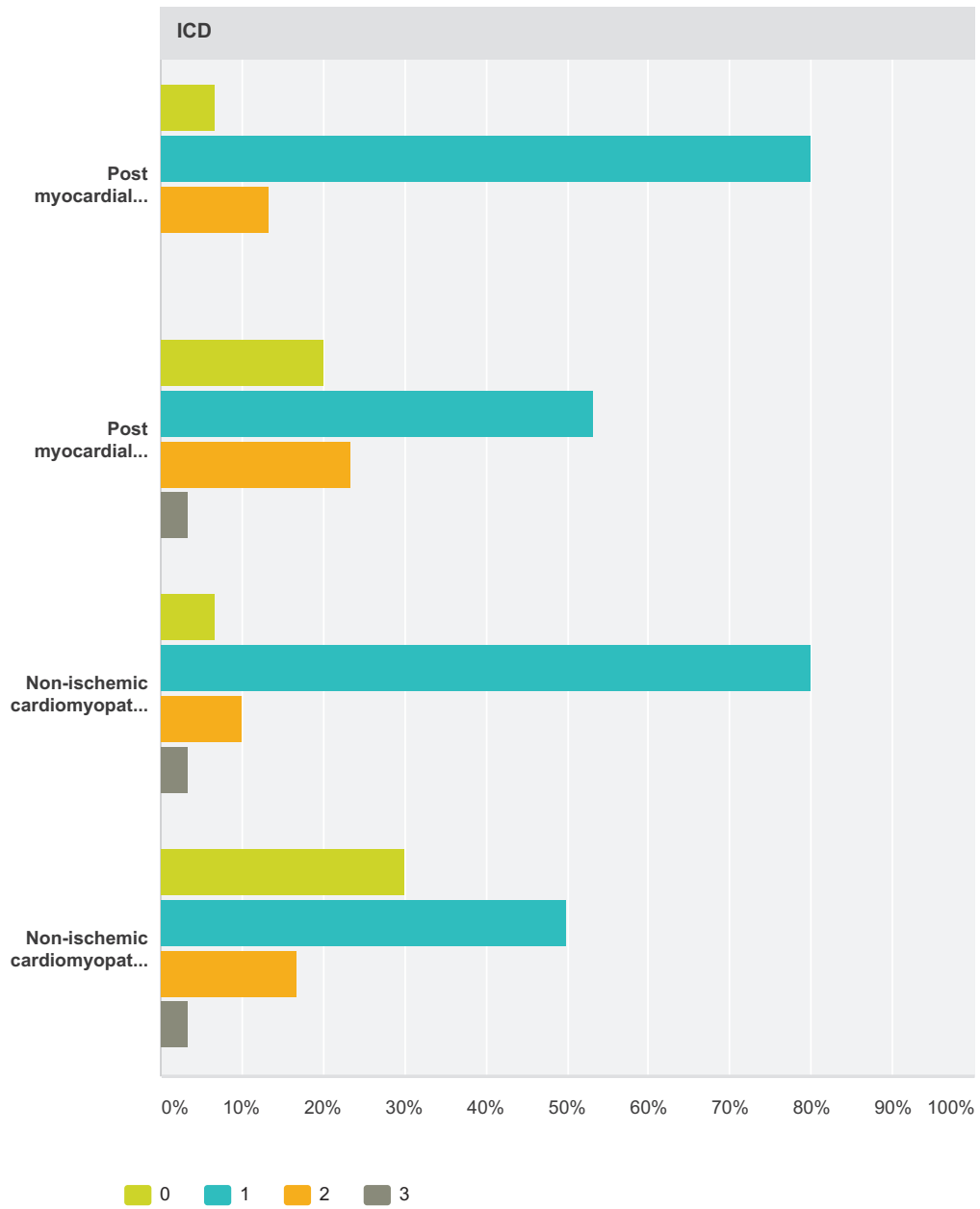
ICD					
	0	1	2	3	Total
Post myocardial infarction LVEF ≤35%	6.67% 2	70.00% 21	6.67% 2	16.67% 5	30
Post myocardial infarction LVEF normal	43.33% 13	3.33% 1	23.33% 7	30.00% 9	30
Non-ischemic cardiomyopathy LVEF ≤35%	6.67% 2	70.00% 21	6.67% 2	16.67% 5	30
Non-ischemic cardiomyopathy LVEF normal	53.57% 15	3.57% 1	21.43% 6	21.43% 6	28
Idiopathic	65.52% 19	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	34.48% 10	29
Ablation					
	0	1	2	3	Total
Post myocardial infarction LVEF ≤35%	26.67% 8	6.67% 2	20.00% 6	46.67% 14	30
Post myocardial infarction LVEF normal	26.67% 8	16.67% 5	30.00% 9	26.67% 8	30
Non-ischemic cardiomyopathy LVEF ≤35%	26.67% 8	3.33% 1	16.67% 5	53.33% 16	30
Non-ischemic cardiomyopathy LVEF normal	24.14% 7	13.79% 4	41.38% 12	20.69% 6	29
Idiopathic	10.00% 3	40.00% 12	50.00% 15	0.00% 0	30

Q15 How do you manage recurrent polymorphic VT in different patients if hemodynamically unstable? Please rank with number 1, 2 and 3 as first, second and third choice, respectively. Please choose 0 if alternative is not an option.

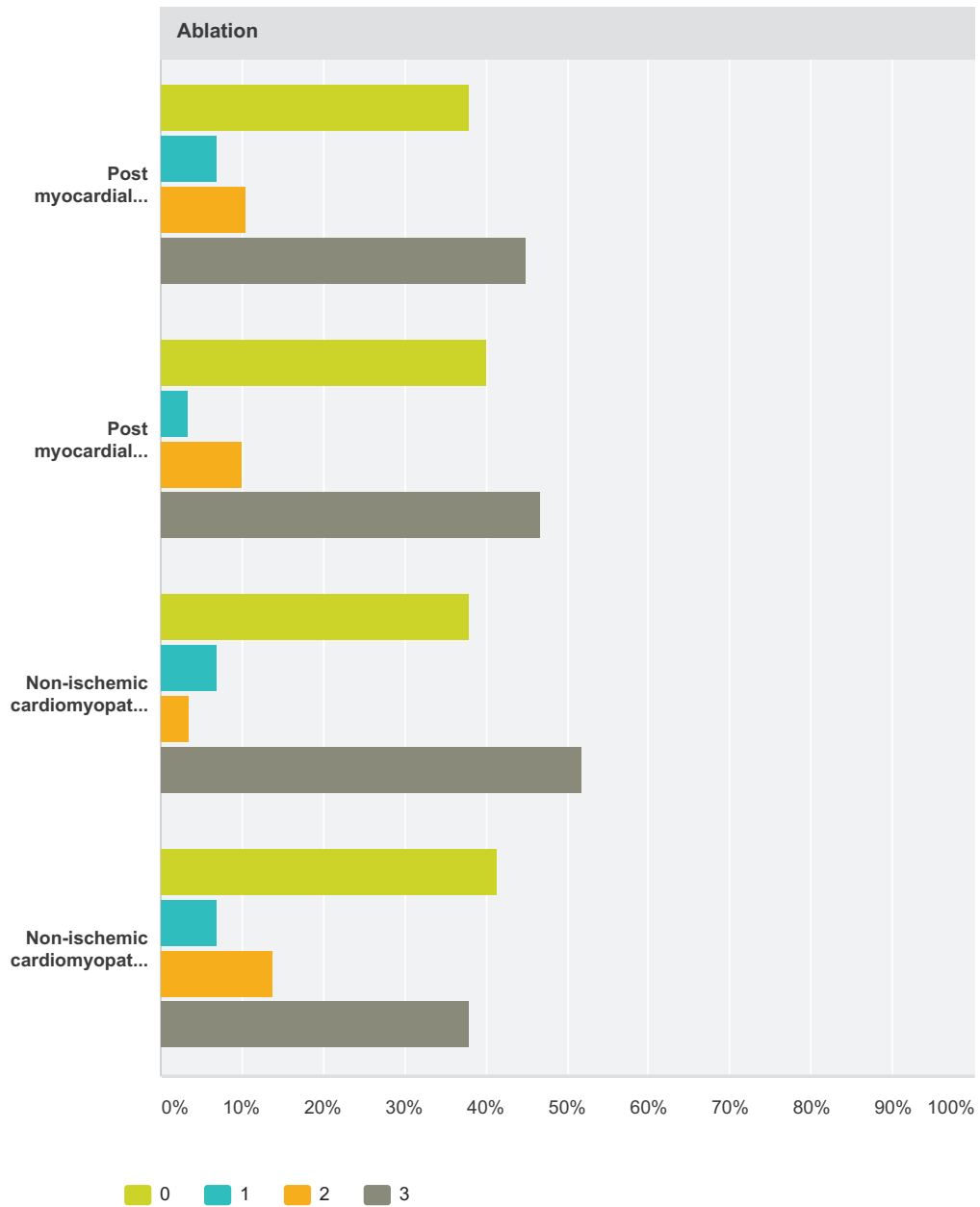
Answered: 30 Skipped: 4



EP WIRE on Management of ventricular tachycardia – antiarrhythmic drugs, catheter ablation, ICD therapies



EP WIRE on Management of ventricular tachycardia – antiarrhythmic drugs, catheter ablation, ICD therapies



AAD					
	0	1	2	3	Total
Post myocardial infarction LVEF ≤35%	6.90% 2	13.79% 4	75.86% 22	3.45% 1	29
Post myocardial infarction LVEF normal	6.67% 2	40.00% 12	50.00% 15	3.33% 1	30
Non-ischemic cardiomyopathy LVEF ≤35%	6.90% 2	13.79% 4	79.31% 23	0.00% 0	29
Non-ischemic cardiomyopathy LVEF normal	6.90% 2	44.83% 13	41.38% 12	6.90% 2	29
ICD					
	0	1	2	3	Total

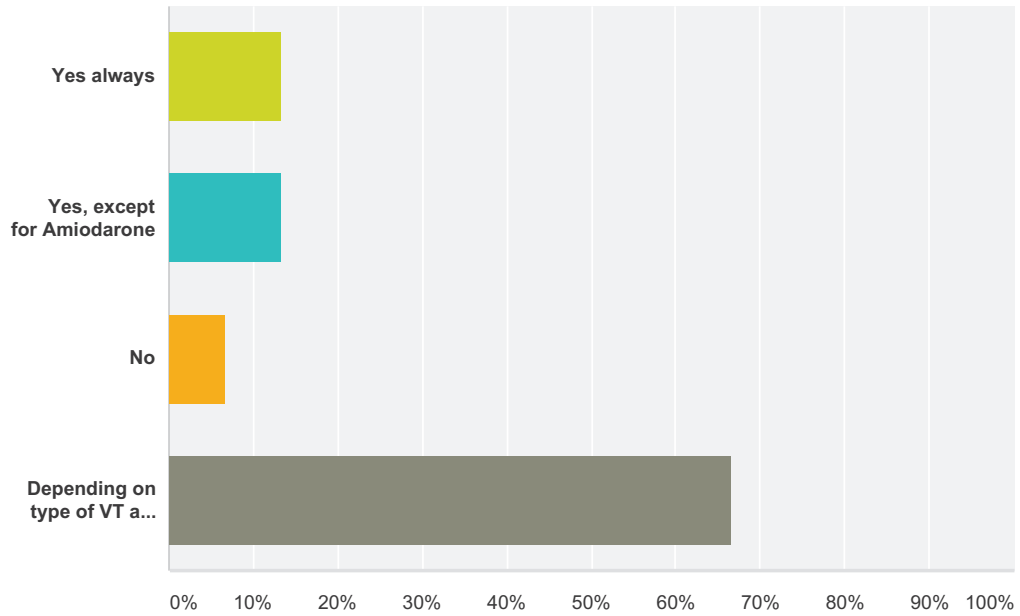
EP WIRE on Management of ventricular tachycardia – antiarrhythmic drugs, catheter ablation, ICD therapies

Post myocardial infarction LVEF ≤35%	6.67% 2	80.00% 24	13.33% 4	0.00% 0	30
Post myocardial infarction LVEF normal	20.00% 6	53.33% 16	23.33% 7	3.33% 1	30
Non-ischemic cardiomyopathy LVEF ≤35%	6.67% 2	80.00% 24	10.00% 3	3.33% 1	30
Non-ischemic cardiomyopathy LVEF normal	30.00% 9	50.00% 15	16.67% 5	3.33% 1	30

Ablation					
	0	1	2	3	Total
Post myocardial infarction LVEF ≤35%	37.93% 11	6.90% 2	10.34% 3	44.83% 13	29
Post myocardial infarction LVEF normal	40.00% 12	3.33% 1	10.00% 3	46.67% 14	30
Non-ischemic cardiomyopathy LVEF ≤35%	37.93% 11	6.90% 2	3.45% 1	51.72% 15	29
Non-ischemic cardiomyopathy LVEF normal	41.38% 12	6.90% 2	13.79% 4	37.93% 11	29

Q16 Do you withdraw antiarrhythmic drugs before VT ablation procedure?

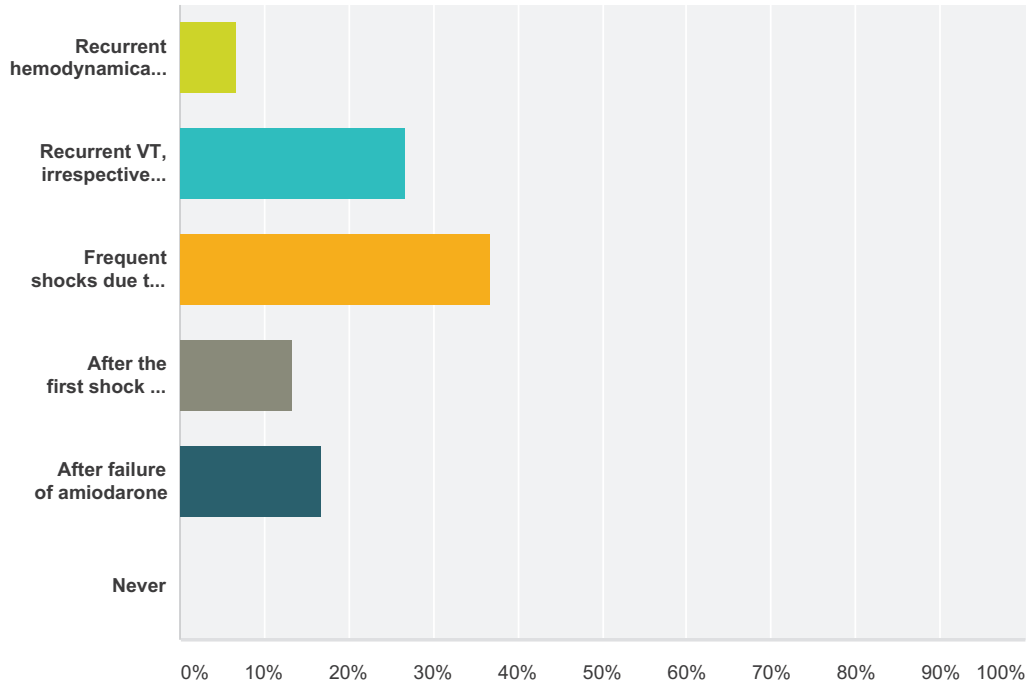
Answered: 30 Skipped: 4



Answer Choices	Responses
Yes always	13.33% 4
Yes, except for Amiodarone	13.33% 4
No	6.67% 2
Depending on type of VT and presence of heart disease	66.67% 20
Total	30

Q17 In which situation would you refer a post-myocardial-infarction patient to catheter ablation if the patient has VT after ICD implantation?

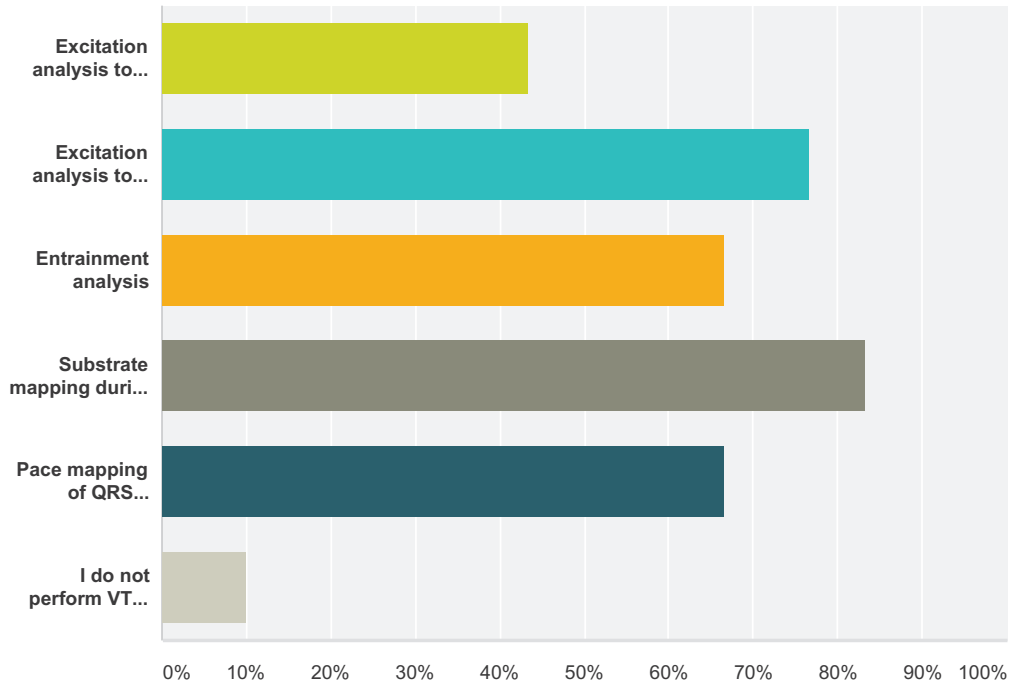
Answered: 30 Skipped: 4



Answer Choices	Responses
Recurrent hemodynamically unstable VT	6.67% 2
Recurrent VT, irrespective hemodynamically response	26.67% 8
Frequent shocks due to VTs	36.67% 11
After the first shock due to VT	13.33% 4
After failure of amiodarone	16.67% 5
Never	0.00% 0
Total	30

Q18 Which techniques do you employ for ablation of scar-related VT? (Multiple choices allowed)

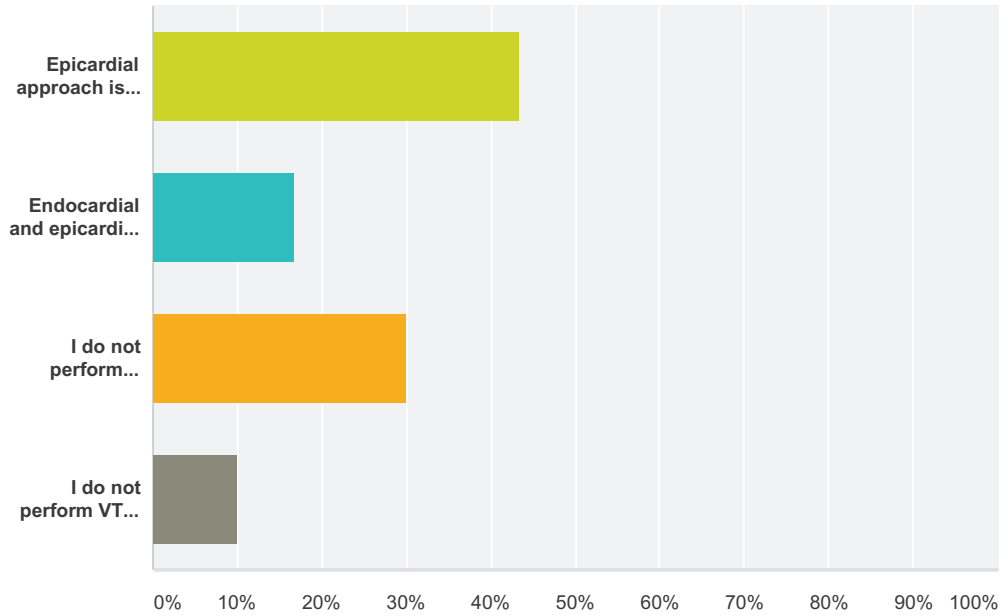
Answered: 30 Skipped: 4



Answer Choices	Responses
Excitation analysis to find the earliest activation during VT	43.33% 13
Excitation analysis to find mid-diastolic potentials during VT	76.67% 23
Entrainment analysis	66.67% 20
Substrate mapping during sinus rhythm	83.33% 25
Pace mapping of QRS morphologies	66.67% 20
I do not perform VT ablation	10.00% 3
Total Respondents: 30	

Q19 When do you perform epicardial VT ablation in patients with structural heart disease?

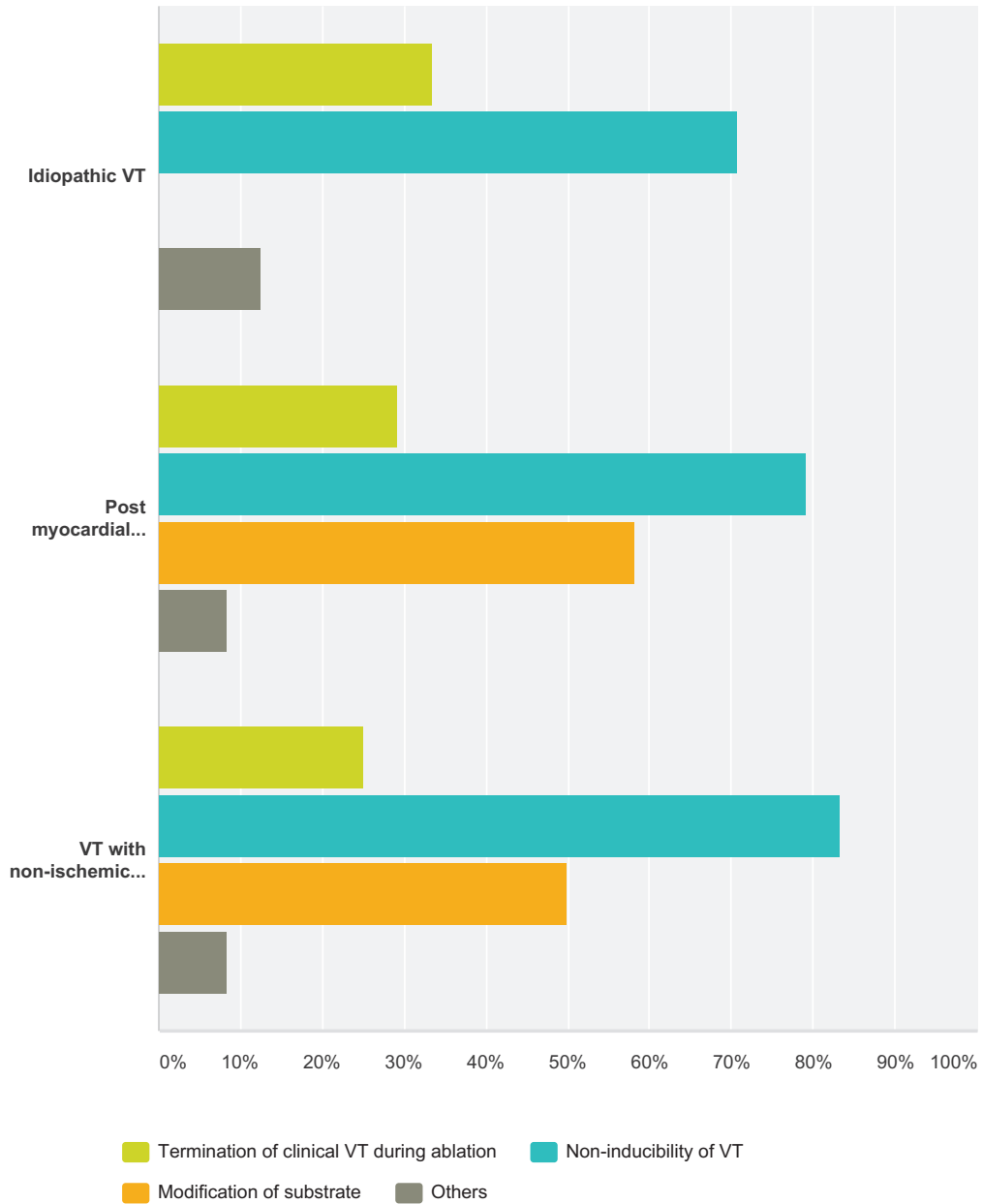
Answered: 30 Skipped: 4



Answer Choices	Responses
Epicardial approach is applied only after failure of endocardial approach	43.33% 13
Endocardial and epicardial approach at the first procedure	16.67% 5
I do not perform epicardial VT ablation	30.00% 9
I do not perform VT ablation	10.00% 3
Total	30

Q20 What is the endpoint of VT ablation procedure in your centre?

Answered: 24 Skipped: 10

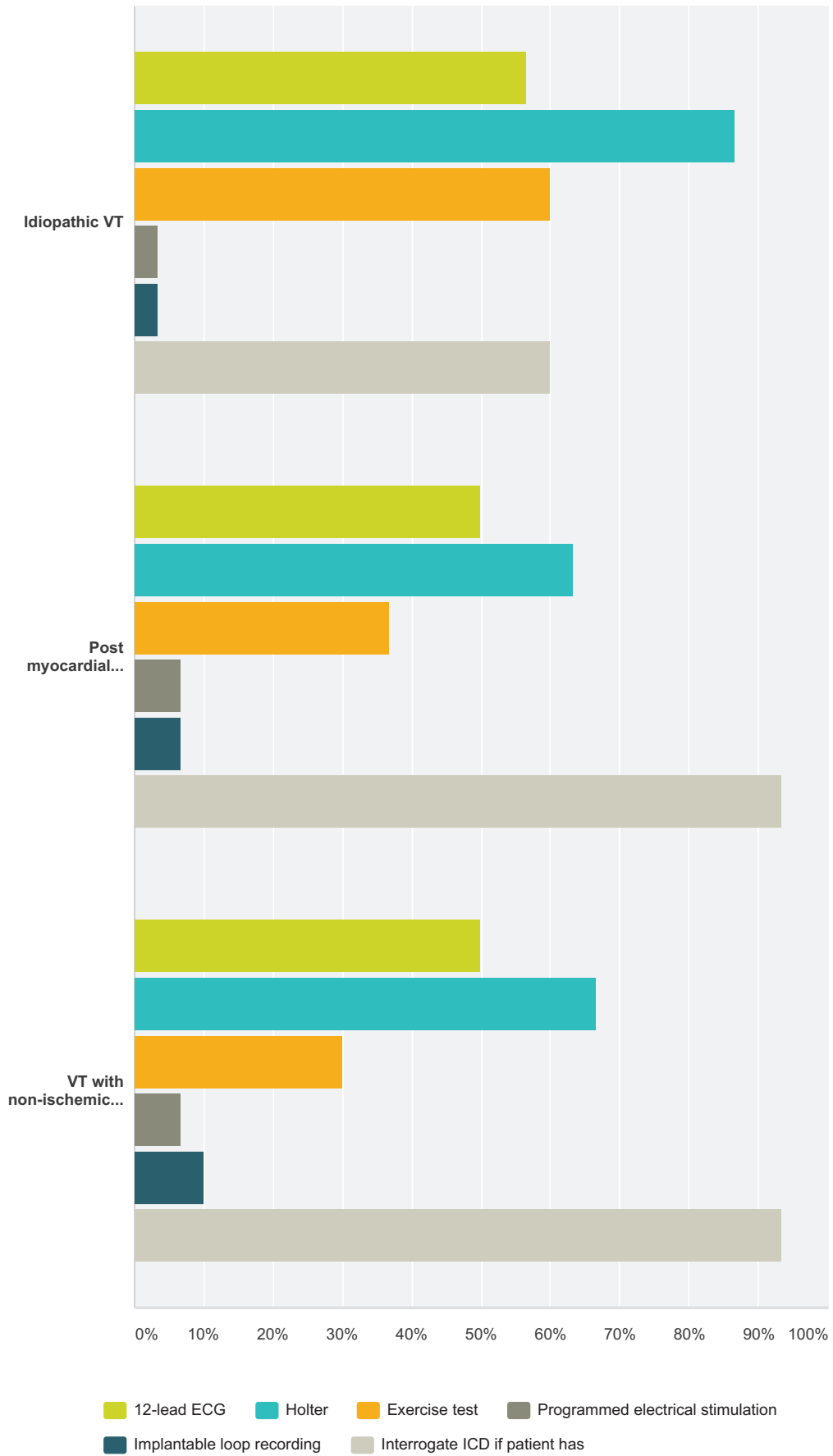


	Termination of clinical VT during ablation	Non-inducibility of VT	Modification of substrate	Others	Total Respondents
Idiopathic VT	33.33% 8	70.83% 17	0.00% 0	12.50% 3	24
Post myocardial infarction VT	29.17% 7	79.17% 19	58.33% 14	8.33% 2	24
VT with non-ischemic cardiomyopathy	25.00% 6	83.33% 20	50.00% 12	8.33% 2	24

Q21 Which examinations do you perform to evaluate the efficacy of catheter ablation during long-term follow-up? (Multiple choices allowed)

Answered: 30 Skipped: 4

EP WIRE on Management of ventricular tachycardia – antiarrhythmic drugs, catheter ablation, ICD therapies



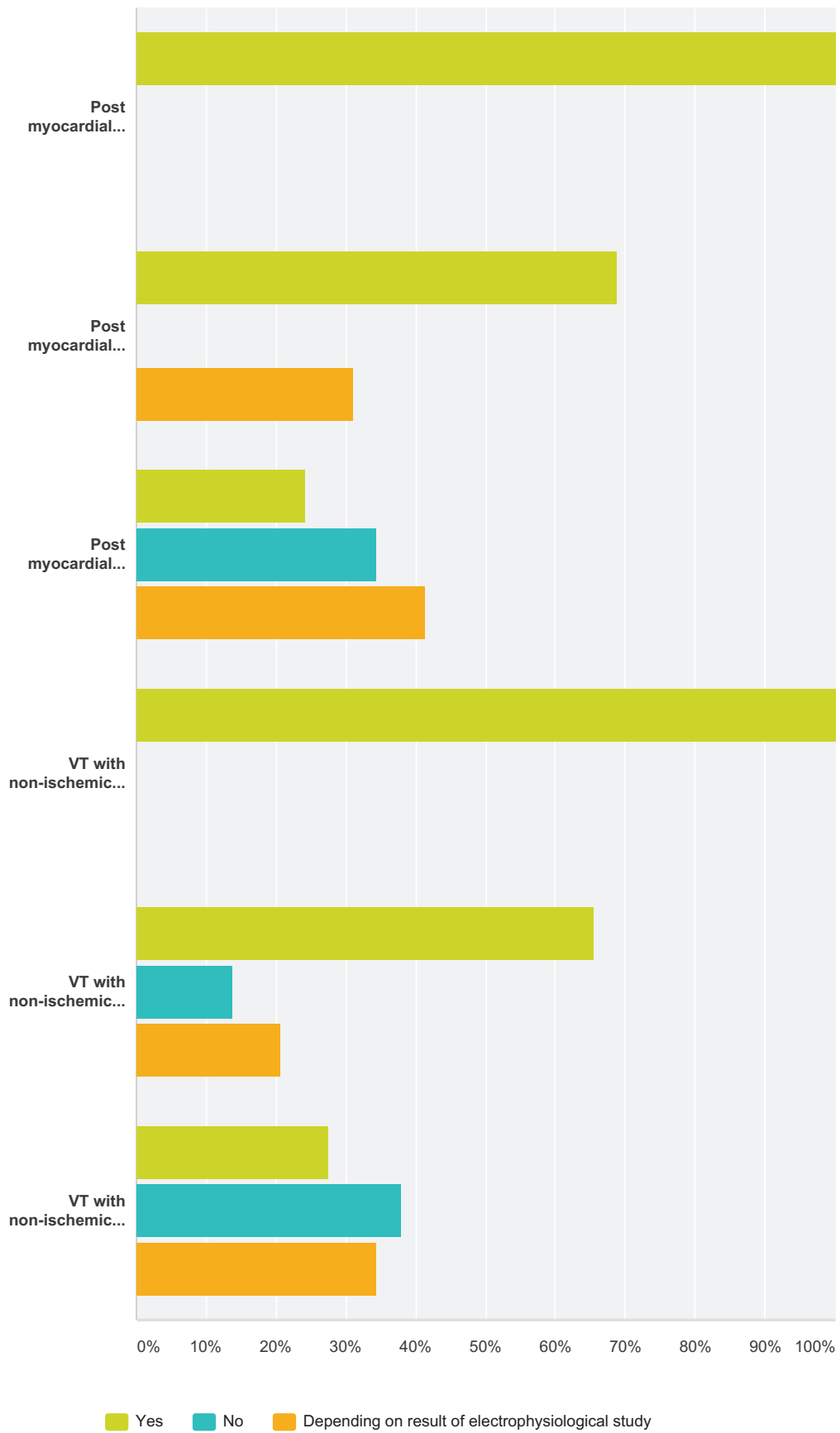
EP WIRE on Management of ventricular tachycardia – antiarrhythmic drugs, catheter ablation, ICD therapies

	12-lead ECG	Holter	Exercise test	Programmed electrical stimulation	Implantable loop recording	Interrogate ICD if patient has	Total Respondents
Idiopathic VT	56.67% 17	86.67% 26	60.00% 18	3.33% 1	3.33% 1	60.00% 18	30
Post myocardial infarction VT	50.00% 15	63.33% 19	36.67% 11	6.67% 2	6.67% 2	93.33% 28	30
VT with non-ischemic cardiomyopathy	50.00% 15	66.67% 20	30.00% 9	6.67% 2	10.00% 3	93.33% 28	30

Q22 Do you find indications for ICD implantation in different patients with clinically documented VTs?

Answered: 29 Skipped: 5

EP WIRE on Management of ventricular tachycardia – antiarrhythmic drugs, catheter ablation, ICD therapies

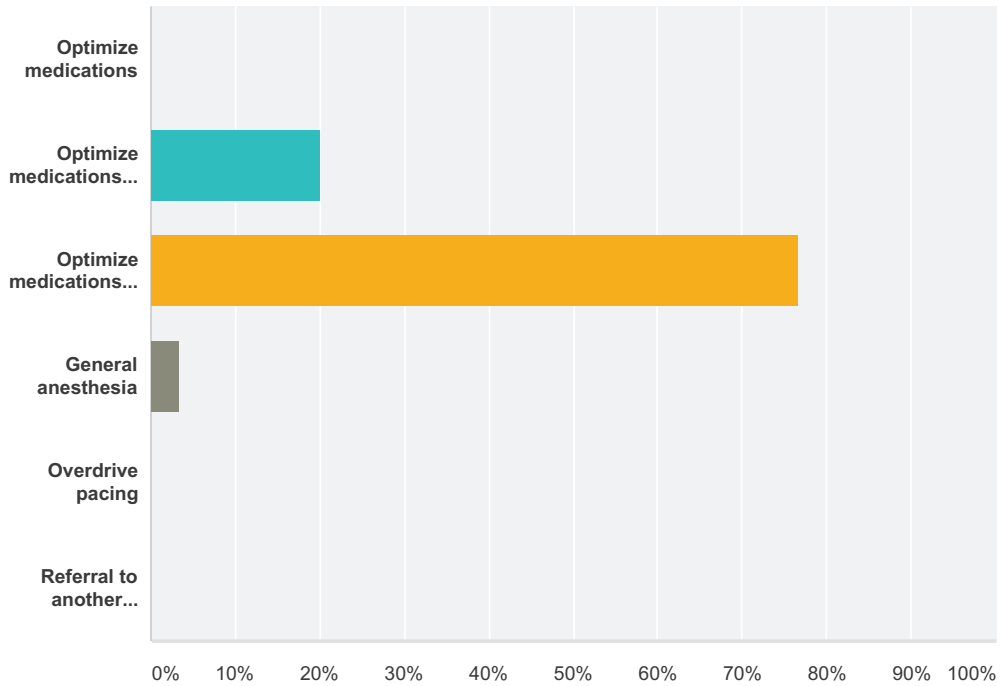


EP WIRE on Management of ventricular tachycardia – antiarrhythmic drugs, catheter ablation, ICD therapies

	Yes	No	Depending on result of electrophysiological study	Total
Post myocardial infarction VT LVEF ≤35%	100.00% 29	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	29
Post myocardial infarction VT LVEF 35-40%	68.97% 20	0.00% 0	31.03% 9	29
Post myocardial infarction VT LVEF normal	24.14% 7	34.48% 10	41.38% 12	29
VT with non-ischemic cardiomyopathy LVEF ≤35%	100.00% 29	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	29
VT with non-ischemic cardiomyopathy LVEF 35-40%	65.52% 19	13.79% 4	20.69% 6	29
VT with non-ischemic cardiomyopathy LVEF normal	27.59% 8	37.93% 11	34.48% 10	29

Q23 How do you manage VT storm after ICD implantation without reversible causes?

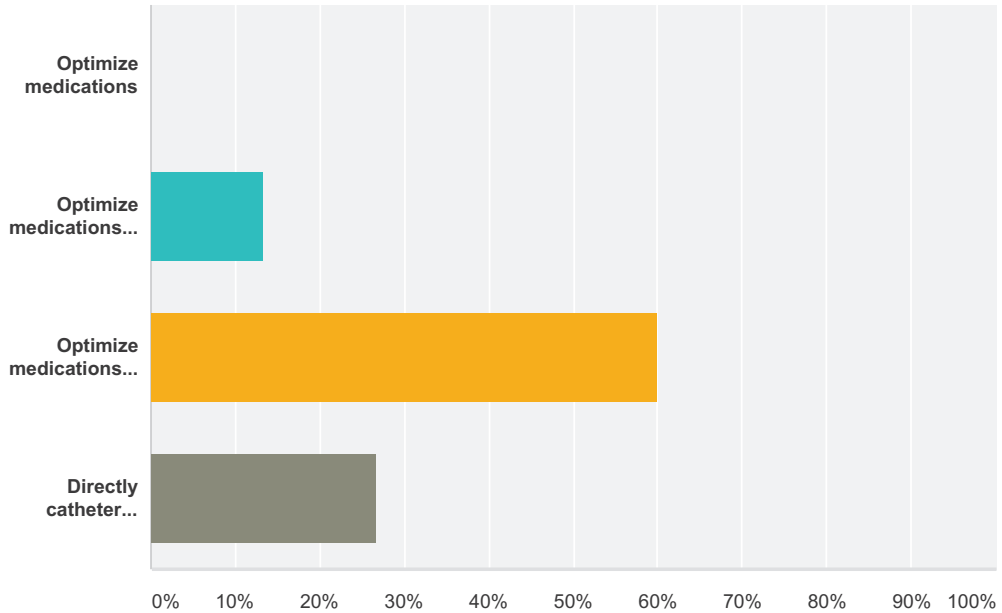
Answered: 30 Skipped: 4



Answer Choices	Responses
Optimize medications	0.00% 0
Optimize medications first, and optimize ICD criteria for VT detection and shock	20.00% 6
Optimize medications first, followed by catheter ablation	76.67% 23
General anesthesia	3.33% 1
Overdrive pacing	0.00% 0
Referral to another hospital	0.00% 0
Total	30

Q24 How do you treat the patients with ICD who have recurrent ventricular tachycardia or with frequent shocks during long-term follow-up?

Answered: 30 Skipped: 4



Answer Choices	Responses
Optimize medications	0.00% 0
Optimize medications first, and optimize ICD criteria for VT detection and shock.	13.33% 4
Optimize medications first, followed by catheter ablation	60.00% 18
Directly catheter ablation	26.67% 8
Total	30